Web-enabled Landsat data (WELD) Project

a 5 year NASA Making Earth System data records for Use in Research Environments (MEASURES) funded project

David Roy & Junchang Ju & Indrani Kommareddy

Geographic Information Science Center of Excellence South Dakota State University, USA



Spring LCLUC ST Meeting, Bethesda, MD April 20-22nd 2010

What the Landsat user community wants ...

- Derived Landsat data products for free
- Systematic, consistent, community endorsed data processing
 - calibration, geolocation
 - radiometric normalization / BRDF correction, atmospheric correction
 - cloud-screened, snow-screened, SLC-off gap filling
 (needed in order to derive higher level bio/geophysical & LC products)
- Composited large-area data product mosaics
 - updated at the pixel level
 - using all the Landsat data, not just select acquisitions
 - processed shortly after acquisition i.e. "near real time"
- Similar to the NASA MODIS land products but at high spatial resolution
- Above is what the WELD project is developing, building on our 10 year MODIS product development, processing (and reprocessing) experience.

WELD products

- 30m ETM+ composited mosaics
 - Weekly
 - Monthly
 - Seasonal
 - Annual
- Alaska
- Conterminous United States
- 7 years
- Generated from every L1T ETM+ acquisition in the USGS EROS archive with cloud cover ≤80%
- Generated by applying MODIS Land heritage processing techniques

WELD ETM+ Data Processing Steps

- TOA reflectance & brightness temperature
- View and solar geometry computation
- Cloud masking
- SLC-Off and cloud gap filling
- Reprojection: UTM to Albers map projection
- Compositing: weekly, monthly, seasonal, annual
- Atmospheric correction
- Radiometric/BRDF normalization
- Land cover characterization
- Browse generation

WELD ETM+ Data Processing Steps Steps that use contemporaneous MODIS Products

- TOA reflectance & brightness temperature
- View and solar geometry computation
- Cloud masking
- SLC-Off and cloud gap filling
- Reprojection: UTM to Albers map projection
- Compositing: monthly, seasonal, annual
- Atmospheric correction (Eric Vermote)
- Radiometric/BRDF normalization
- Land cover characterization (Matt Hansen)
- Browse generation

Presentation Overview: WELD Status

- Current product availability
- Product examples
- Some recent algorithm developments
- Future distribution system
- 2010 distribution schedule
- Global WELD proof of concept

Current WELD Product Availability

- http://landsat.usgs.gov/WELD.php
- Version 1.3 placed online January 15th 2010
- One year: 2008 (December 2007 November 2008)
 - CONUS
 - Alaksa
 - Annual, Seasonal, Monthly composited mosaics
 - 2.6TB

Available at http://landsat.usgs.gov/WELD.php

Version 1.3 with documentation

2008 CONUS & Alaksa, annual, seasonal, monthly composited mosaics



Web-enabled Landsat data (WELD) Project

The WELD project is systematically generating 30 m composited Landsat ETM+ mosaics at weekly, monthly, seasonal and annual time periods for the conterminous USA (CONUS) and Alaska. The composited mosaics are designed to provide consistent Landsat data that can be used to derive land cover and geo physical and bio physical products for regional assessment of surface dynamics and to study Earth system functioning.

Version 1.3 of the WELD monthly, seasonal and annual products generated from Landsat ETM+ terrain corrected (Level 1T) data with cloud cover ≤80% sensed December 2007 to November 2008 are available here.

WELD Browse Imagery

The thumbnail images below illustrate the currently available Version 1.3 WELD data products, please click on them to see a higher resolution version. These true color browse images show the Landsat ETM+ red, green and blue wavelength bands at approximately 500 m resolution.

CONUS Annual











Summer



Autumn

December 2007



March 2008



June 2008



September 2008



April 2008



July 2008



October 2008



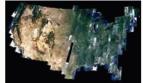
February 2008





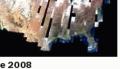


August 2008



November 2008



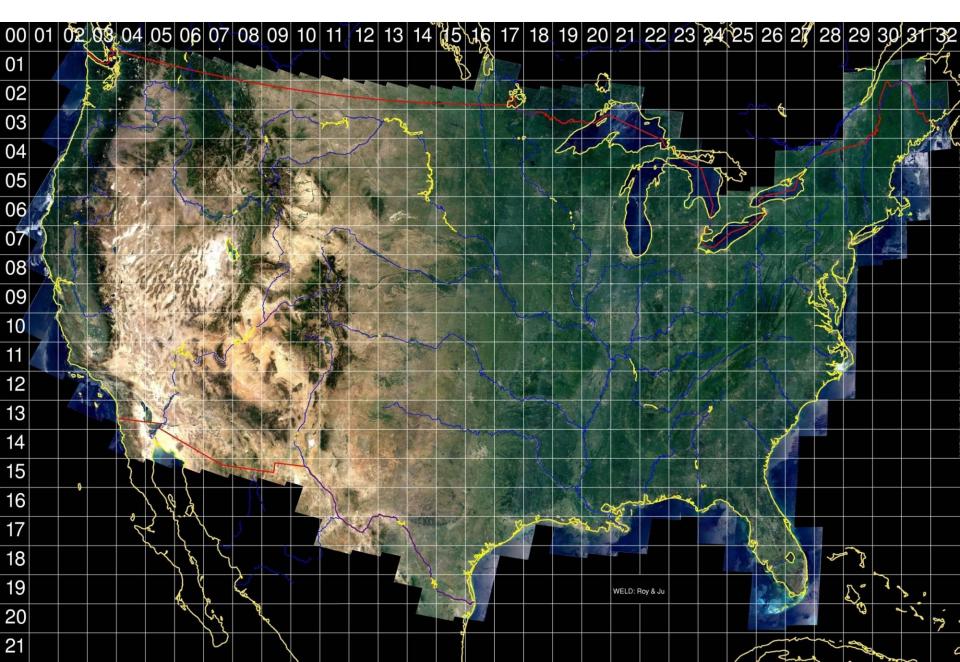




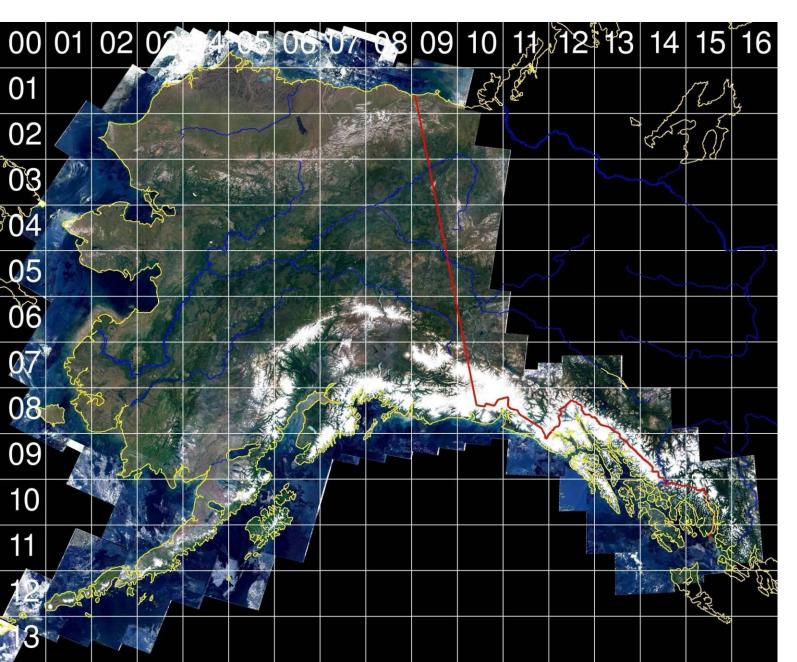
Version 1.3 WELD Product Format (all pixels are 30m)						
Science Data Set Name	Data Type	Valid Range	Scale factor	Units	Fill Value	
Band1_TOA_REF	int16	-32767 32767	10000	Unitless	-32768	
Band2_TOA_REF	int16	-32767 32767	10000	Unitless	-32768	
Band3_TOA_REF	int16	-32767 32767	10000	Unitless	-32768	
Band4_TOA_REF	int16	-32767 32767	10000	Unitless	-32768	
Band5_TOA_REF	int16	-32767 32767	10000	Unitless	-32768	
Band61_TOA_BT	int16	-32767 32767	100	Degrees Celsius	-32768	
Band62_TOA_BT	int16	-32767 32767	100	Degrees Celsius	D-32768	
Band7_TOA_REF	int16	-32767 32767	10000	Unitless	-32768	
NDVI_TOA	int16	-10000 10000	10000	Unitless	-32768	
Day_Of_Year	int16	1 366	1	Day	0	
Saturation_Flag	uint8	0 255	1	Unitless	None	
DT_Cloud_State	uint8	0, 1, 2, 200	1	Unitless	255	
ACCA_State	uint8	0, 1	1	Unitless	255	
Num_Of_Obs	uint8	0 255	1	Unitless	None	
Sensor_Zenith	int16	0 9000	100	Degrees	-32768	
Sensor_Azimuth	int16	-18000 18000	100	Degrees	-32768	
Solar_Zenith	int16	0 9000	100	Degrees	-32768	
Solar_Azimuth	int16	-18000 18000	100	Degrees	-32768	

Each WELD file ~300MB

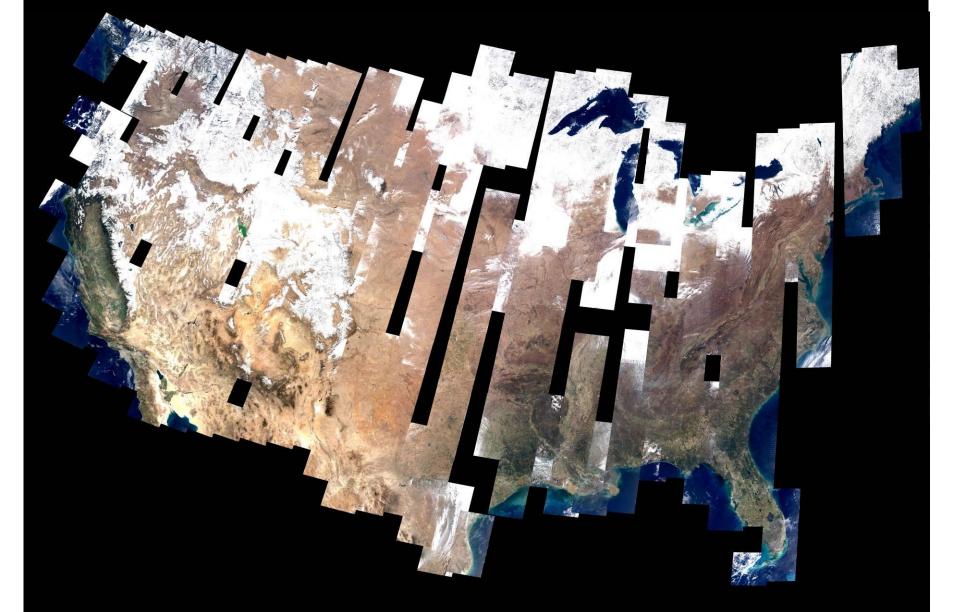
WELD Tile Map (CONUS has 501 5000 x 5000 30m pixel tiles in Albers)



WELD Tile Map (Alaska has 162 5000x5000 30m pixel tiles in Albers)



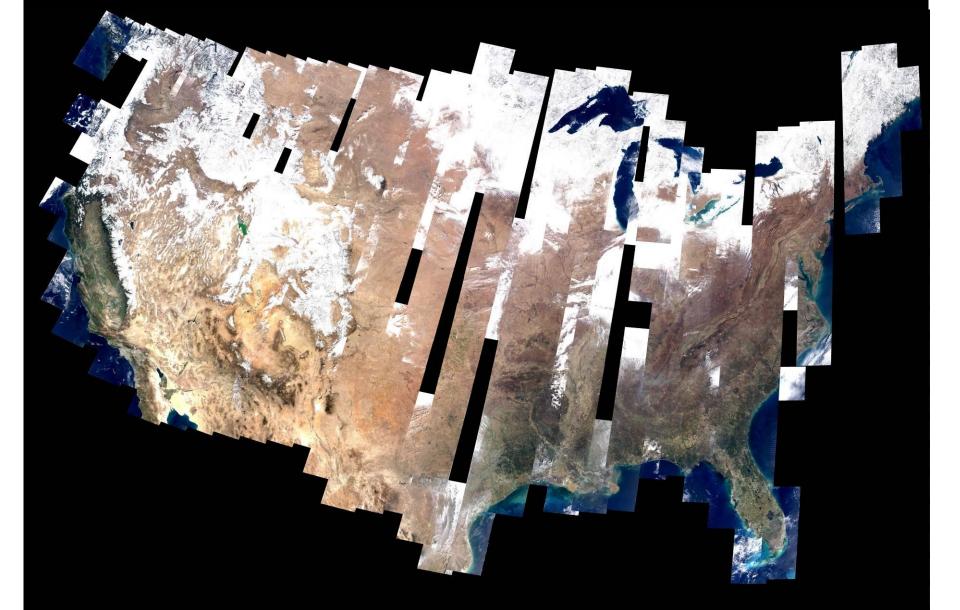
March 2008 composite all L1T acquisitions with cloud cover < 40%



March 2008 composite all L1T acquisitions with cloud cover < 60%



March 2008 composite all L1T acquisitions with cloud cover < 80%



WELD ETM+ Archive at SDSU (today, April 21st 2010)

	Conterminous United States (459 path/row) <80% cloud	Alaska (232 path/row) <80% cloud
2007	7,184	1308
2008	8,345	1,674
2009	7,687	1,733
2010	1,560	265

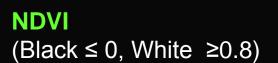
29,756 CONUS and Alaska acquisitions ~ US\$18 million when each L1T acquisition cost US\$600.

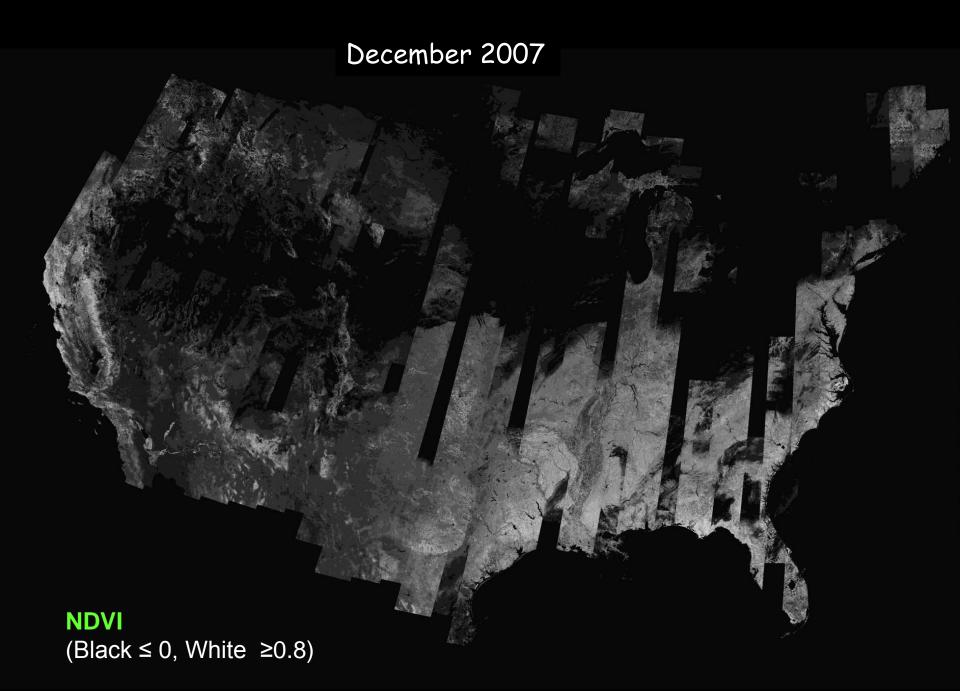
Annual 2009 (Dec 2008 - Nov 2009) composite all L1T acquisitions with cloud cover < 80%

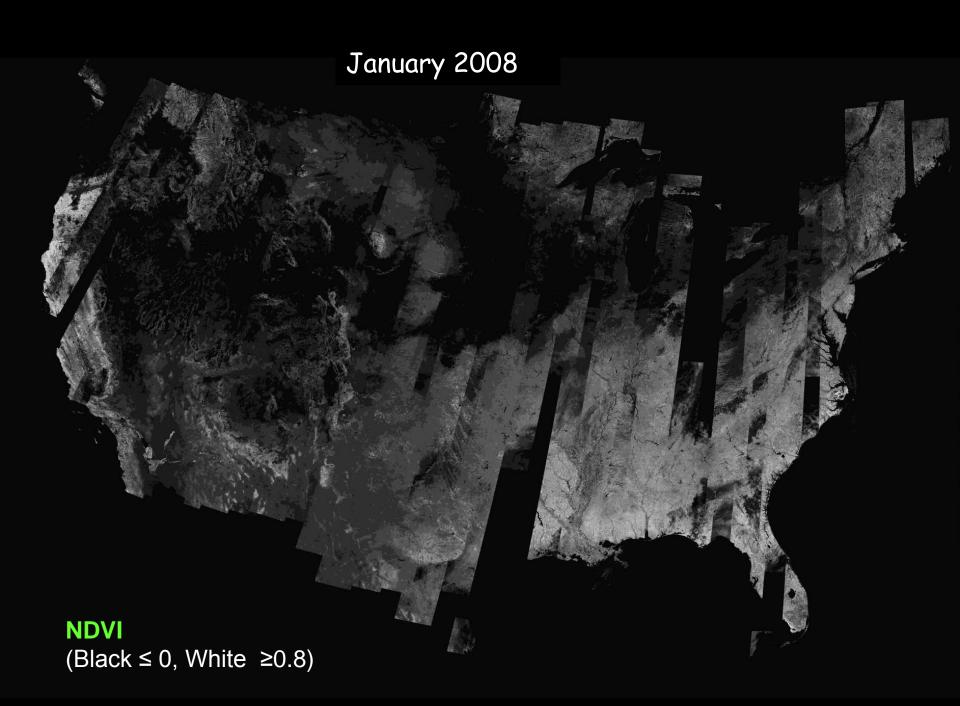
Annual 2008 (Dec 2007 - Nov 2008) composite all L1T acquisitions with cloud cover < 80%

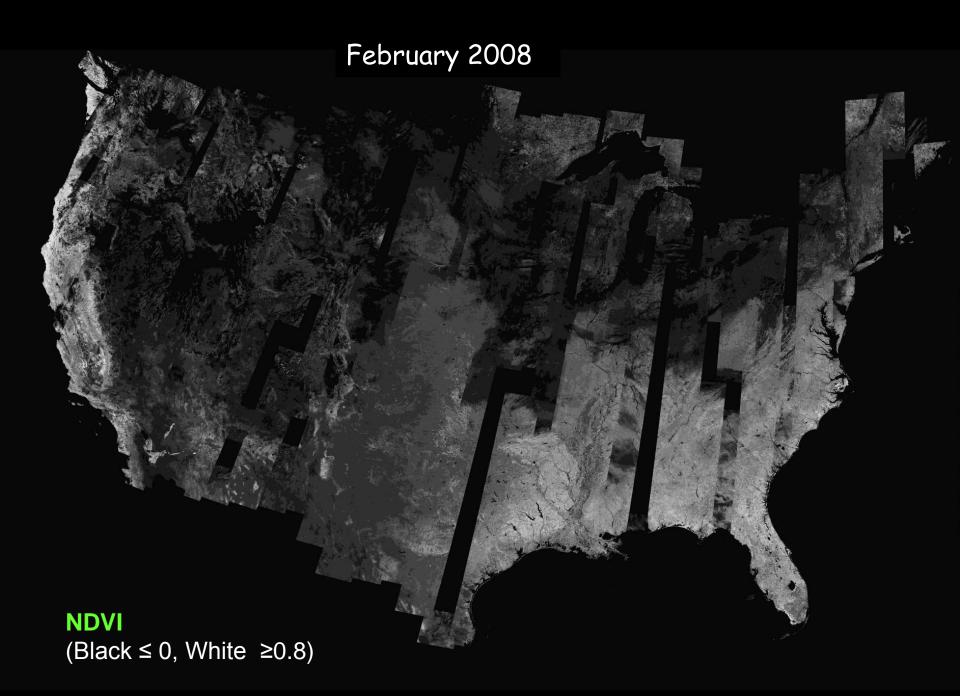
WELD

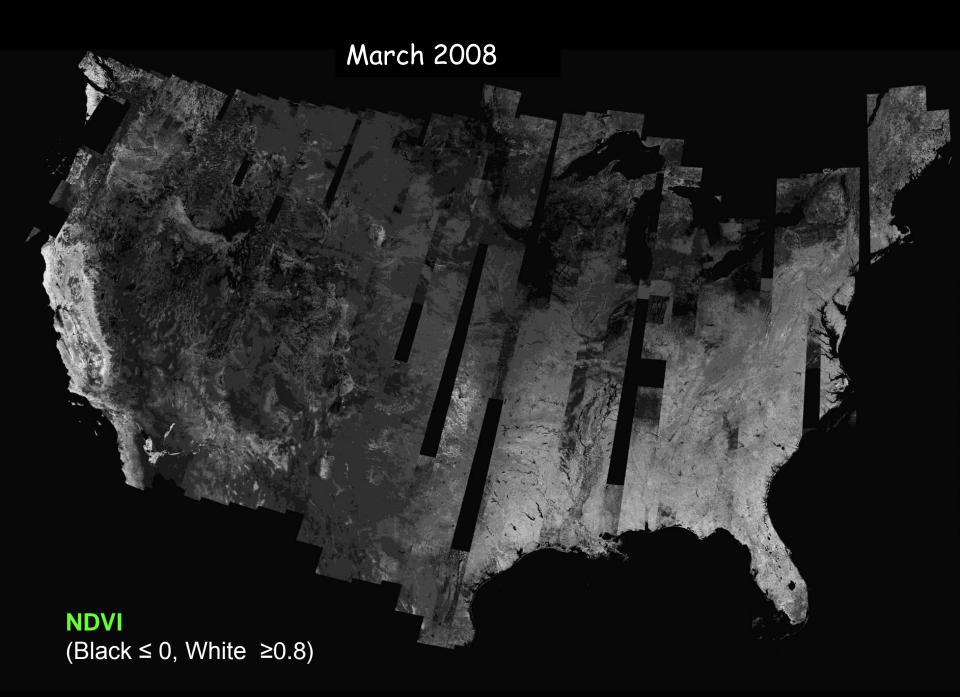
NDVI Annual 2008 500m Browse (9706x6471 pixels)

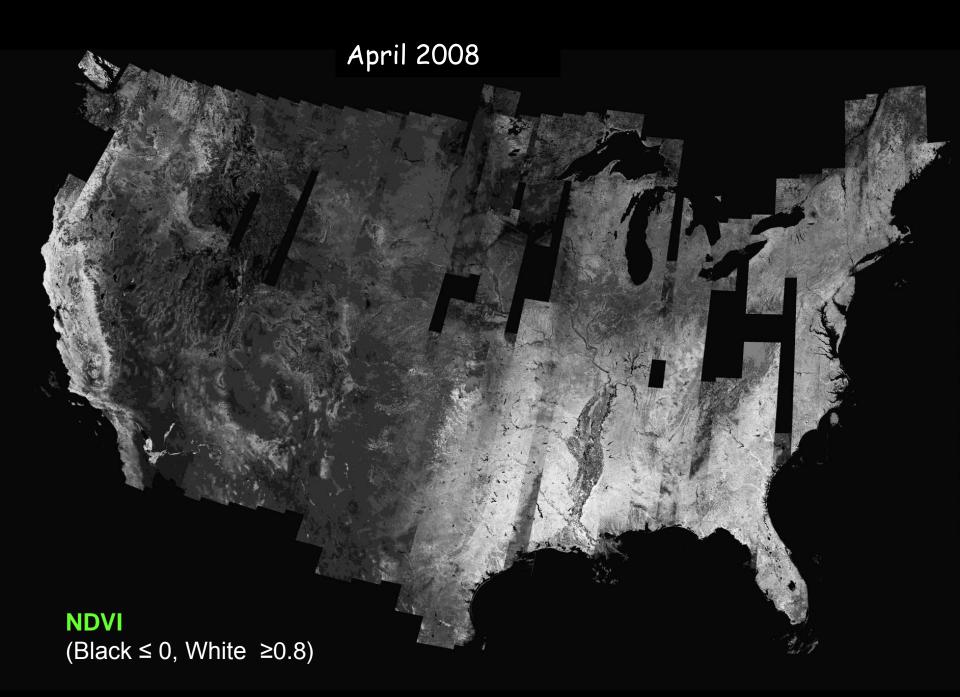


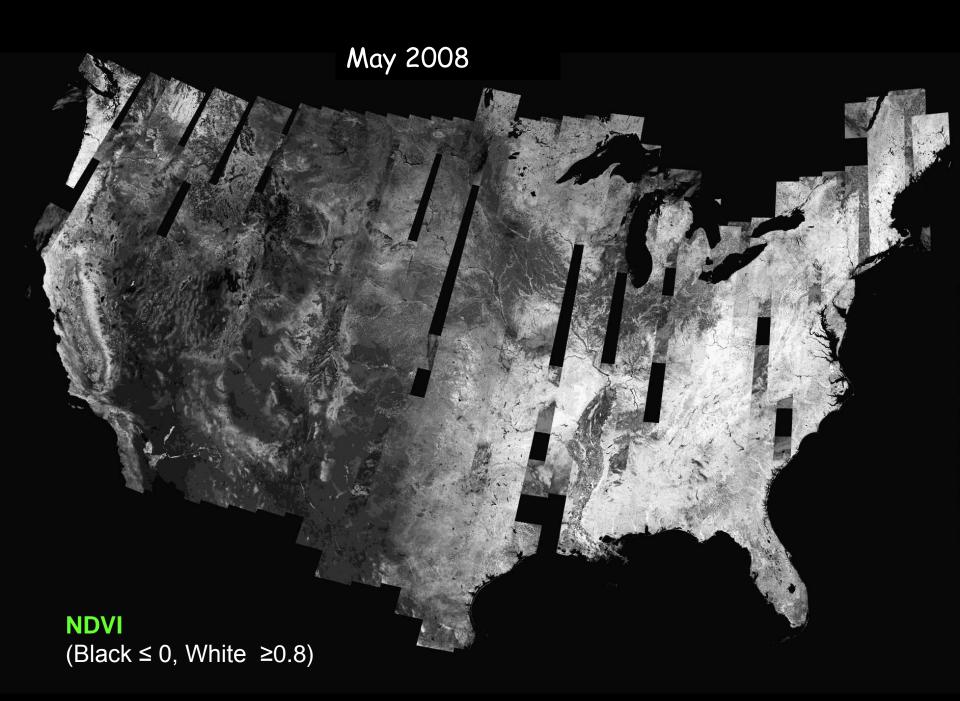


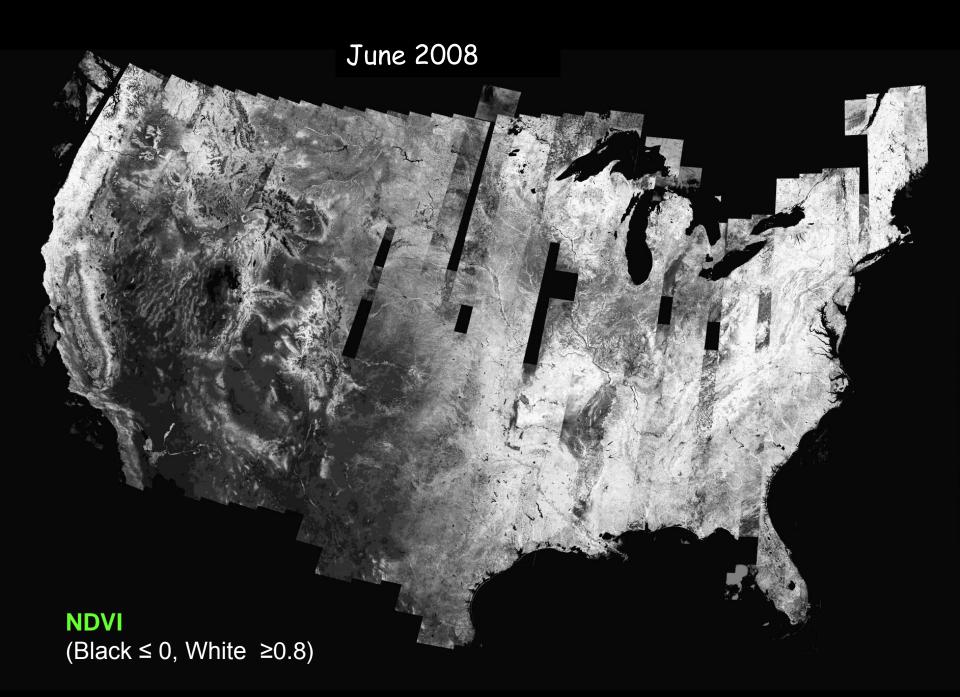


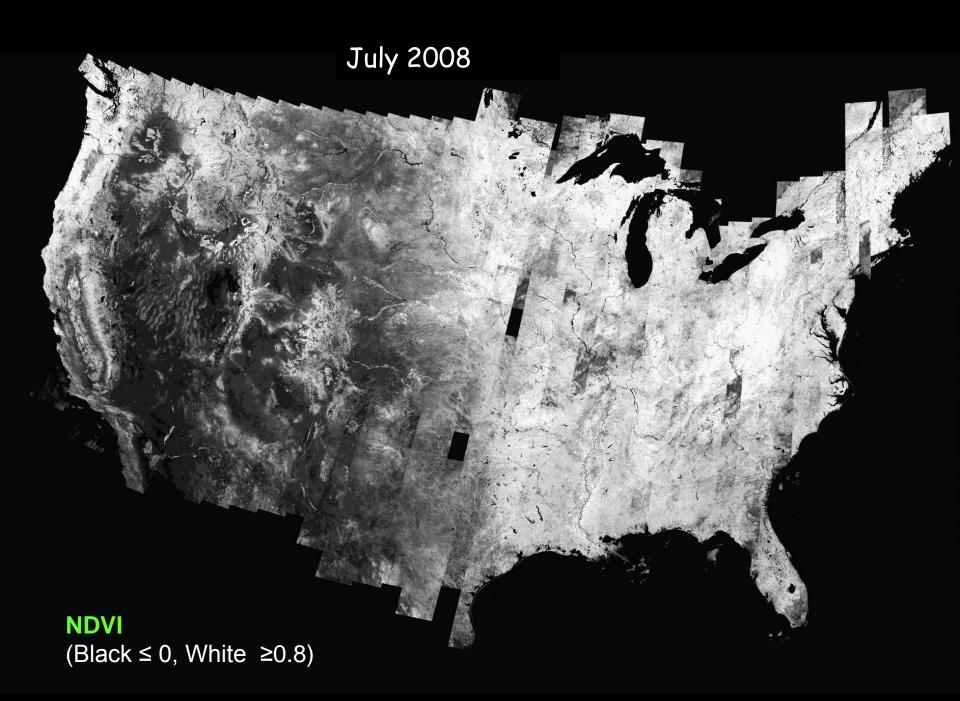


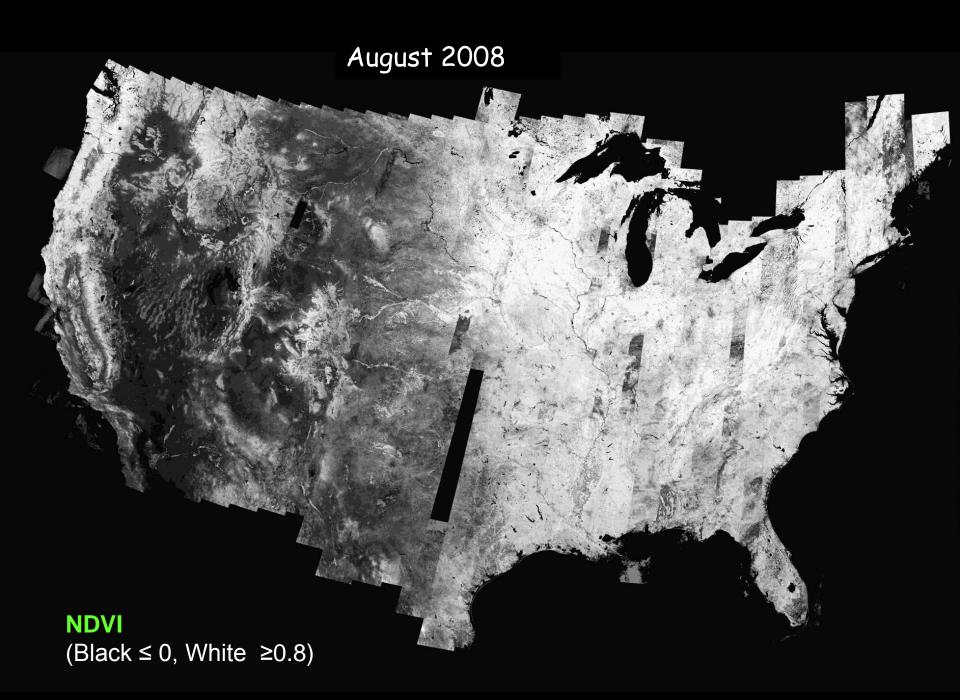


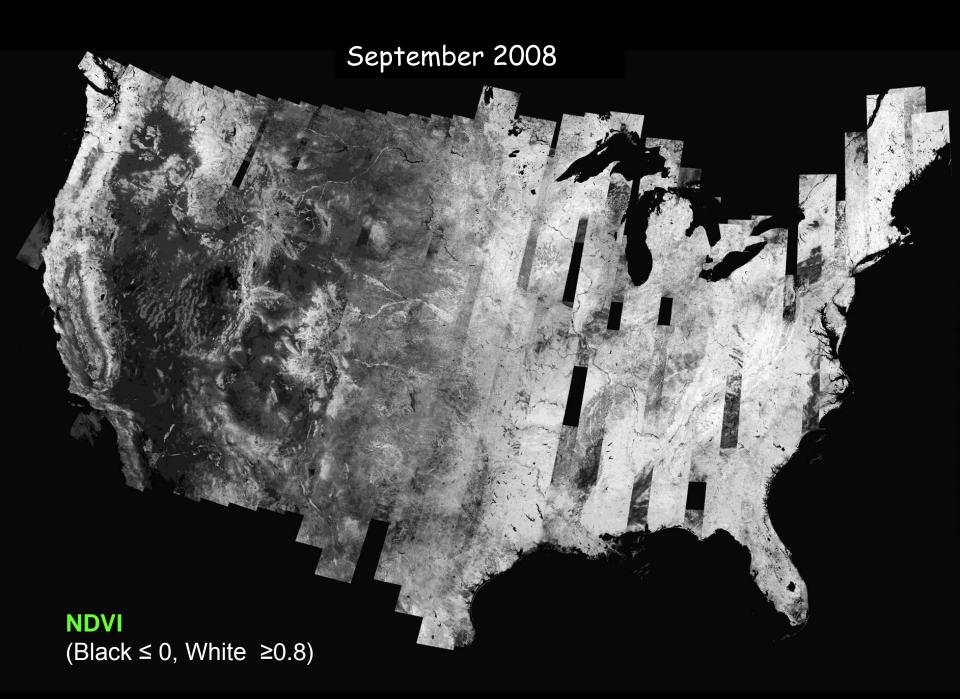


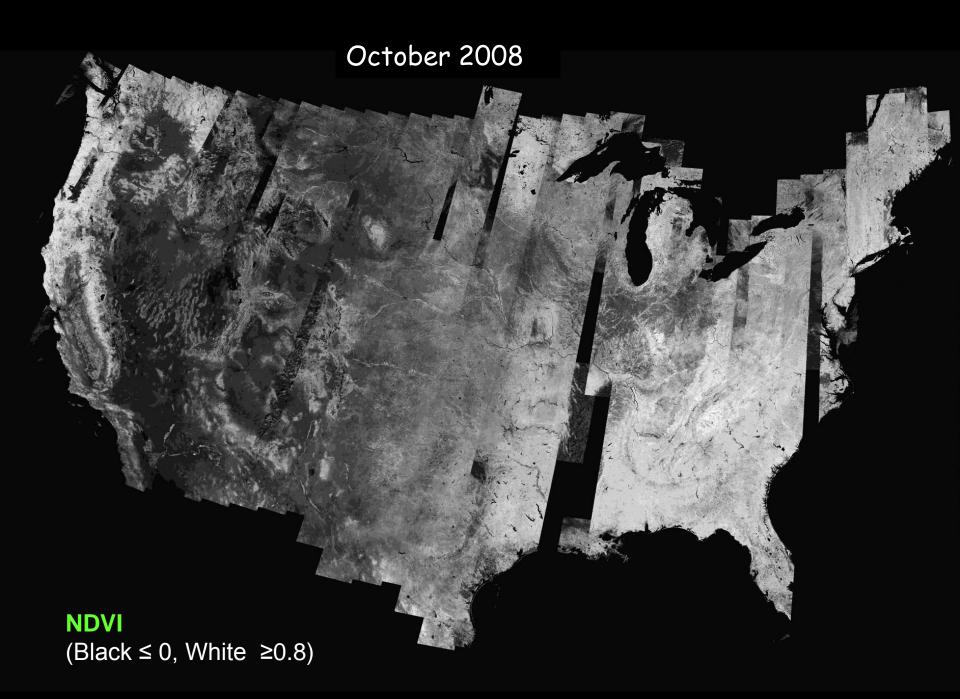


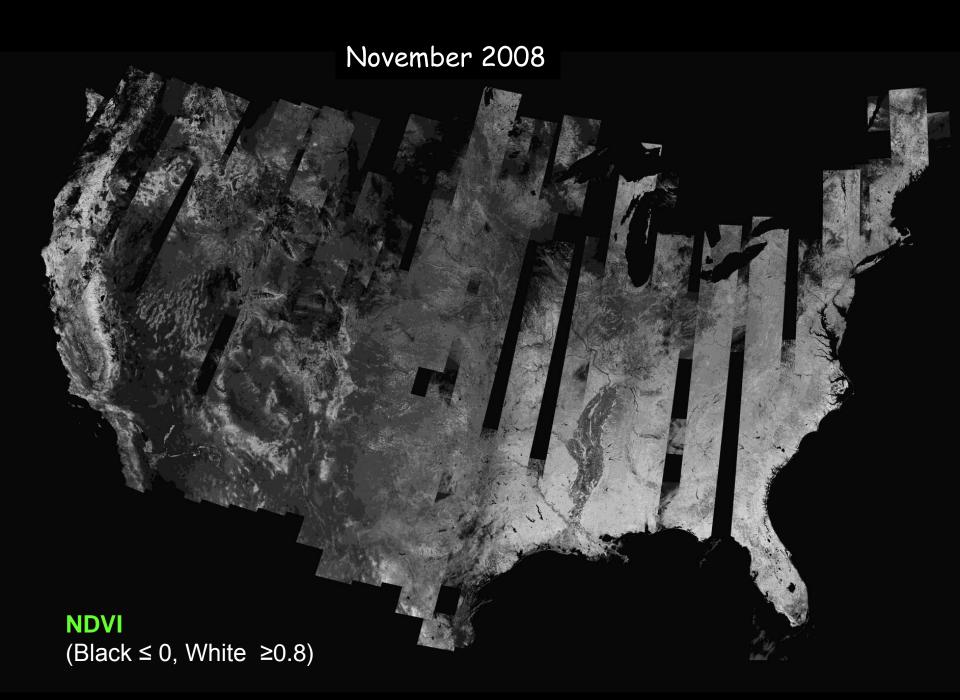




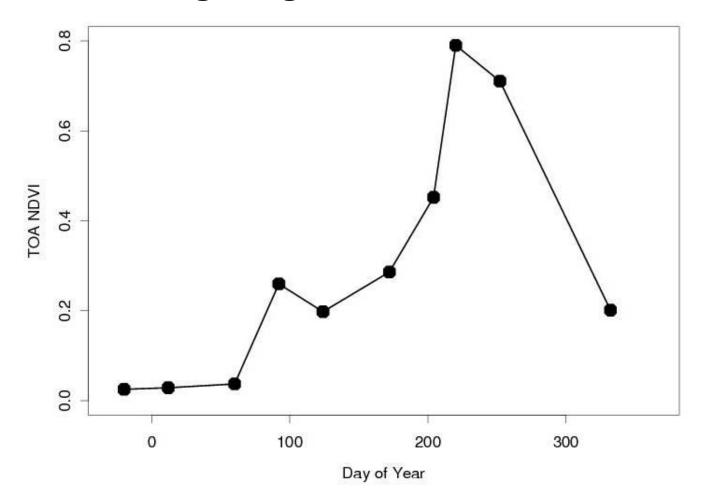




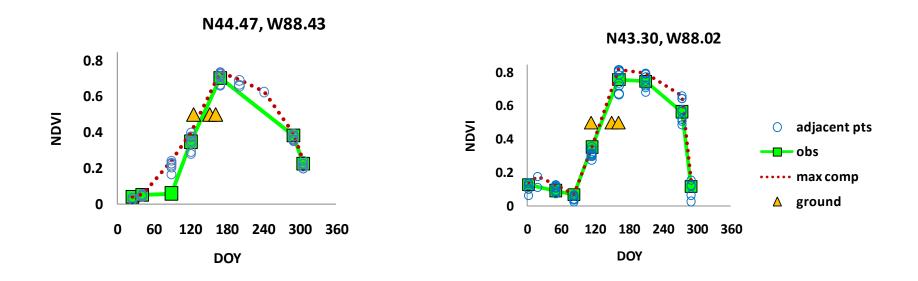




Landsat Phenology: 1 year NDVI for a single 30m WELD pixel extracted from 12 monthly composites Brookings, Agricultural Field, SD



U.S. Phenology Network Example: Lilac ground data bounds the rapid increase in WELD NDVI



Orange triangles show the 3 phenophases of lilac in chronological order: 95% leaf out -> full bloom -> last bloom

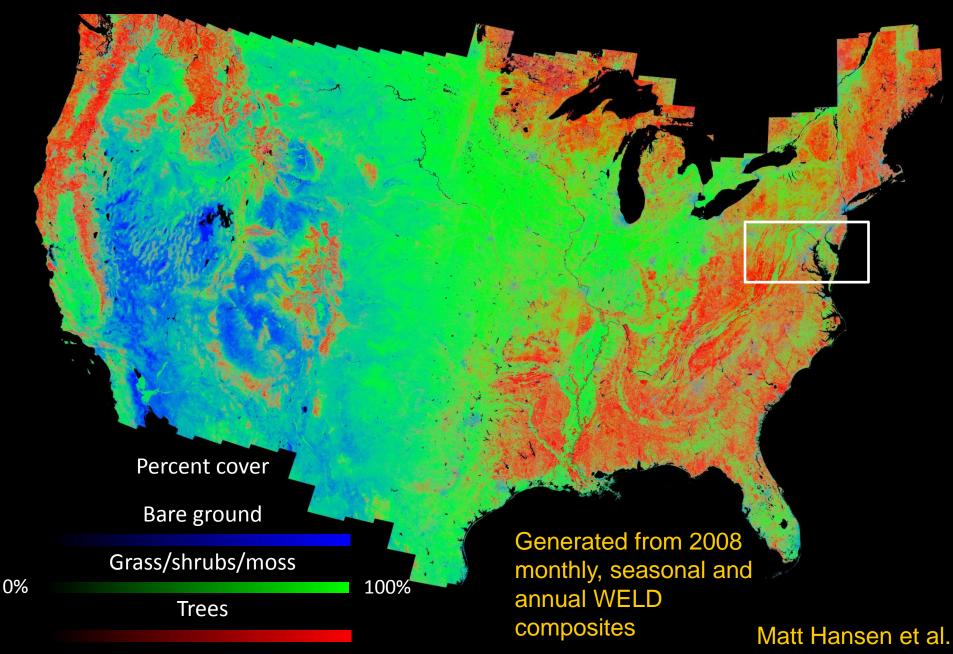
Other symbols show WELD NDVI values

(Geoff Henebry et al.)

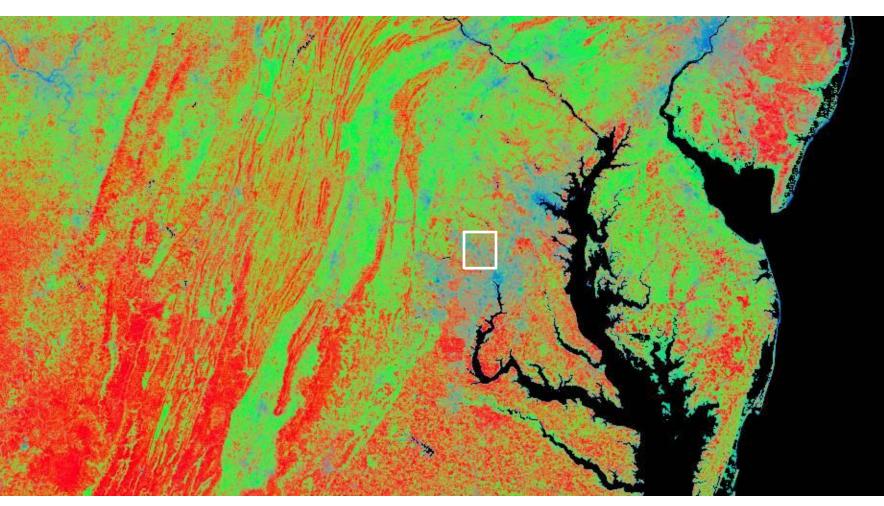
Fly across 2008 annual composited mosaic, 500m browse Seattle to Houston, 36 frames/sec.



CONUS 30m Vegetation Continuous Fields (%)



Mid-Atlantic



Percent cover

Bare ground

Trees

Grass/shrubs/moss

0% 🗖

100%

White Flint, MD

We are here

Percent cover

Bare ground

Grass/shrubs/moss

100%

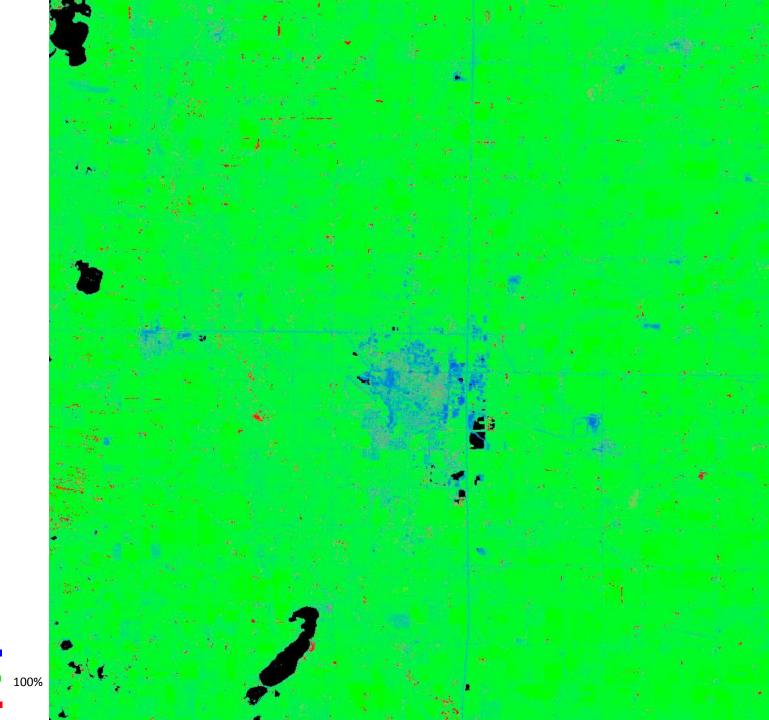
0%

Trees

Brookings, SD

Percent cover Bare ground Grass/shrubs/moss

Trees



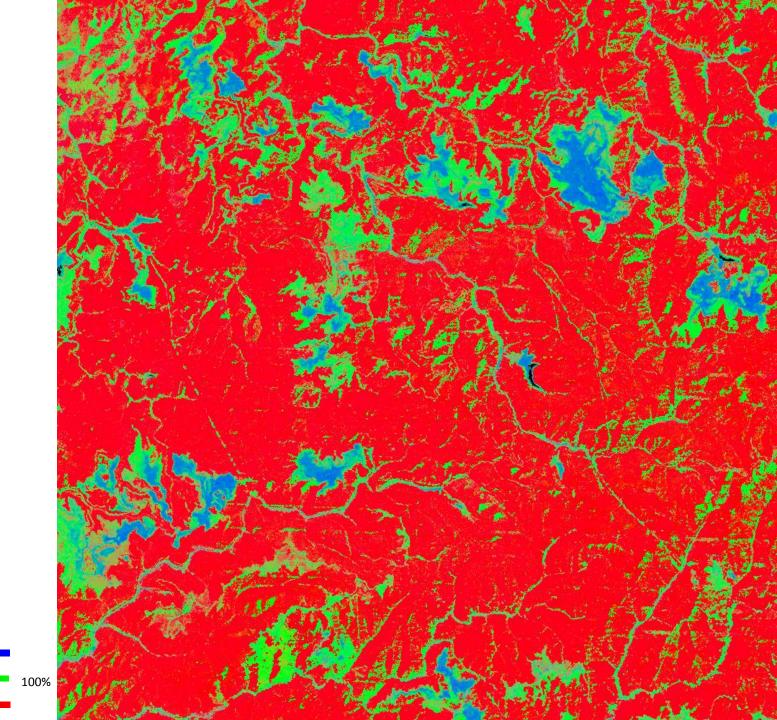
Mountain-top removal, Coal Mining, WV



Bare ground

Grass/shrubs/moss





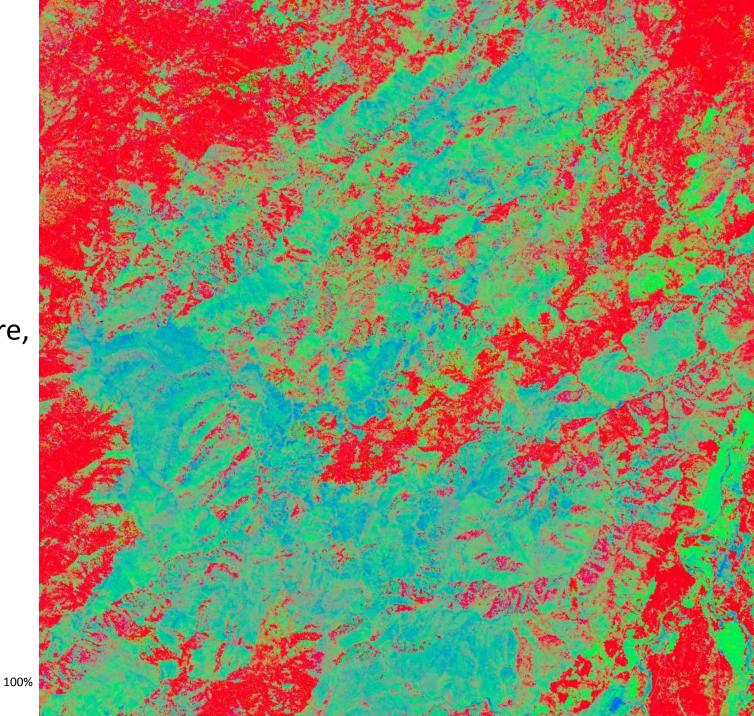
2002 Biscuit Fire, OR

Percent cover

Bare ground

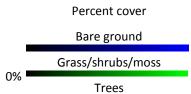
Grass/shrubs/moss

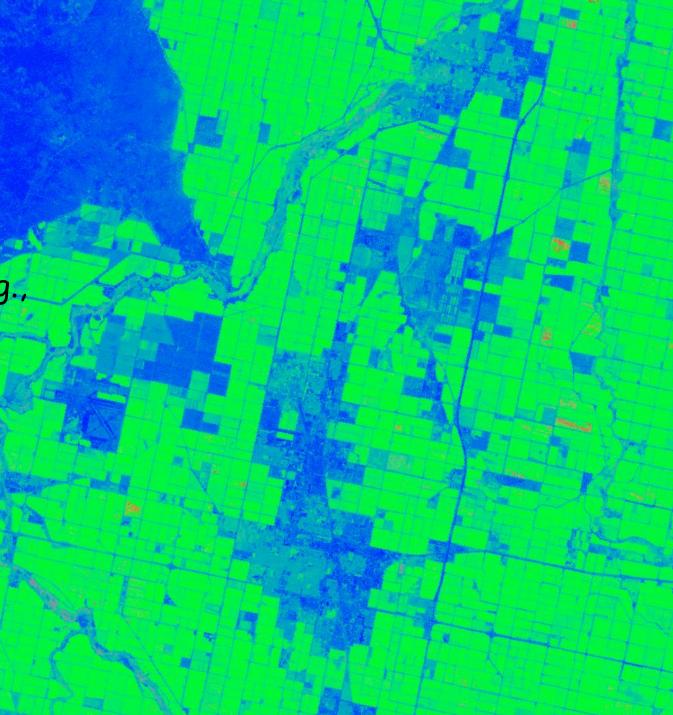




Imperial Valley Ag., CA





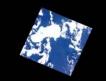


Alaska December 2007

500m Browse (4118x5000 pixels)

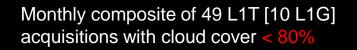
Monthly composite of 0 L1T [9 L1G] acquisitions with cloud cover < 80%

Alaska January 2008 500m Browse (4118x5000 pixels)

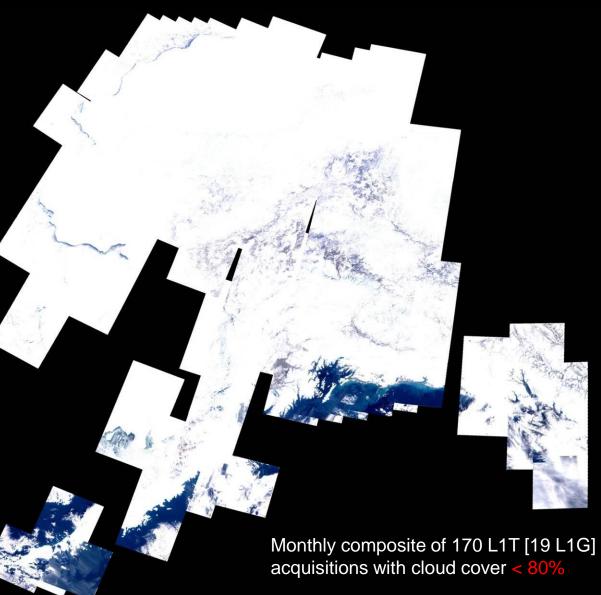


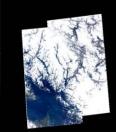
Monthly composite of 2 L1T [0 L1G] acquisitions with cloud cover < 80%

Alaska February 2008 500m Browse (4118x5000 pixels)



Alaska March 2008 500m Browse (4118x5000 pixels)





Alaska April 2008 500m Browse (4118x5000 pixels)

Monthly composite of 153 L1T [20 L1G] acquisitions with cloud cover < 80%

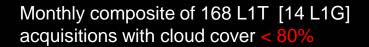
Alaska May 2008 500m Browse (4118x5000 pixels)

Monthly composite of 191 L1T [29 L1G] acquisitions with cloud cover < 80%

Alaska June 2008 500m Browse (4118x5000 pixels)

Monthly composite of 210 L1T [19 L1G] acquisitions with cloud cover < 80%

Alaska July 2008 500m Browse (4118x5000 pixels)



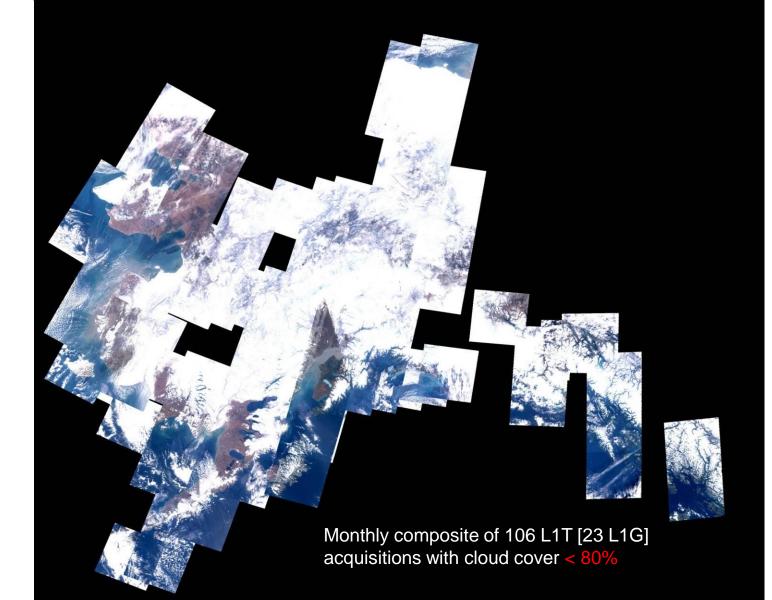
Alaska August 2008 500m Browse (4118x5000 pixels)

Monthly composite of 222 L1T [22 L1G] acquisitions with cloud cover < 80%

Alaska September 2008 500m Browse (4118x5000 pixels)

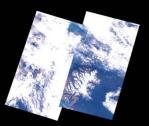
Monthly composite of 209 L1T [14 L16]** acquisitions with cloud cover < 80%

Alaska October 2008 500m Browse (4118x5000 pixels)



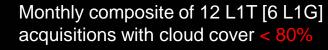
Alaska November 2008

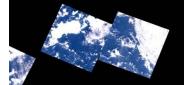
500m Browse (4118x5000 pixels)









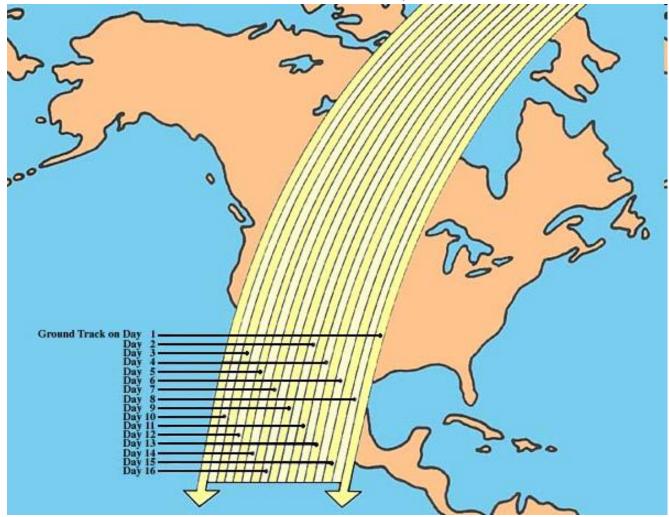


Annual 2008 500m Browse (4118x5000 pixels)

Annual composite of all 1492 L1T acquisitions with cloud cover < 80%

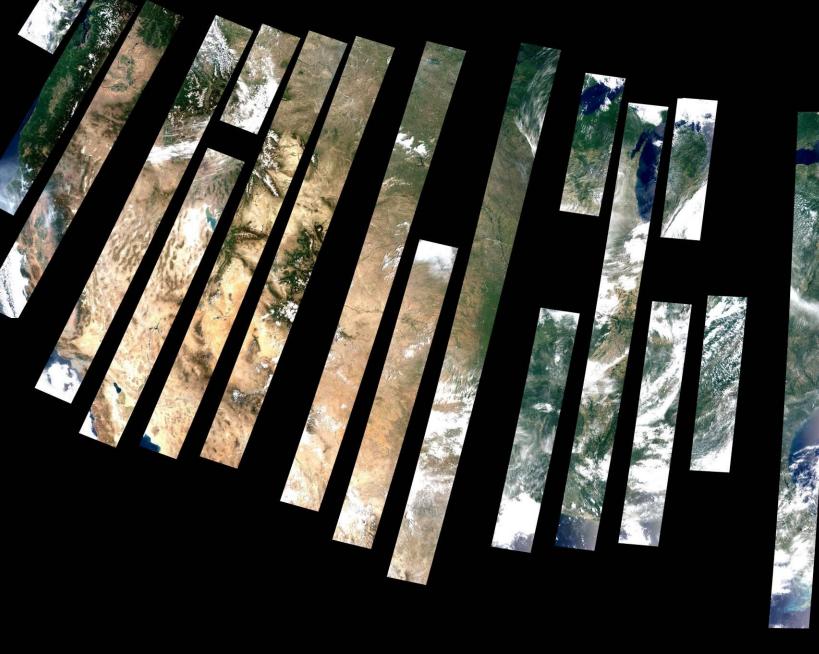
Users said they wanted all the L1T with the WELD processing applied

Landsat Orbit Geometry / Swath Pattern



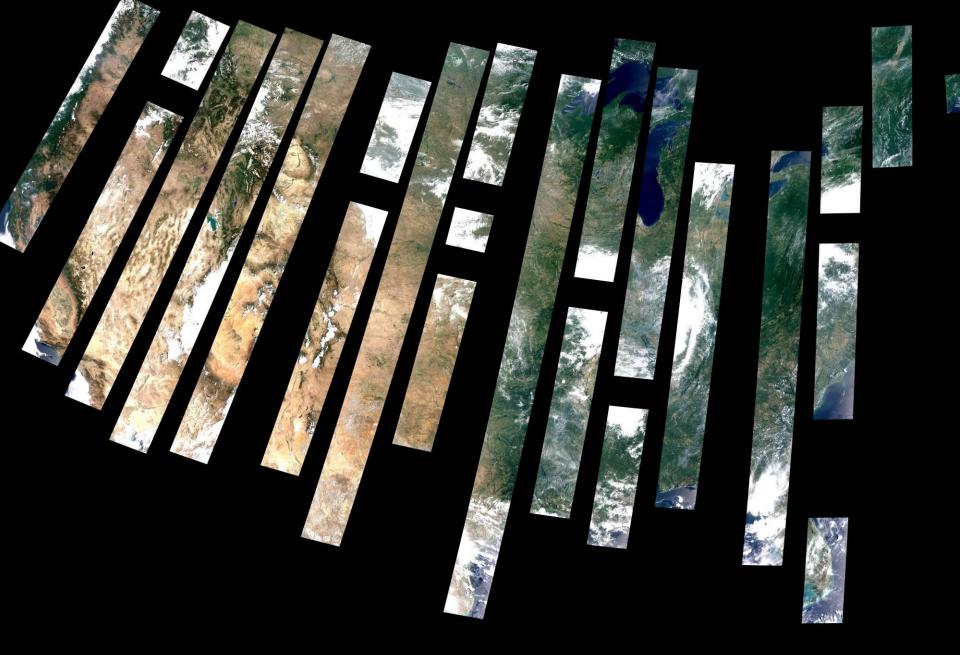
http://landsathandbook.gsfc.nasa.gov/handbook/handbook_htmls/chapter5/htmls/swath_pattern.html

July 2008 weekly composite all L1T acquisitions with cloud cover < 80% week 26: 20080624 to 20080630





July 2008 weekly composite all L1T acquisitions with cloud cover < 80% week 27: 20080701 to 20080707



WELD ETM+ Data Processing Steps

- TOA reflectance & brightness temperature
- View and Solar Geometry Computation
- Cloud mask
- SLC-Off and cloud gap filling
- Reprojection: UTM to Albers map projection
- Compositing: monthly, seasonal, annual
- Atmospheric correction
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WELD ETM+ Data Processing Steps Steps that use contemporaneous MODIS Products

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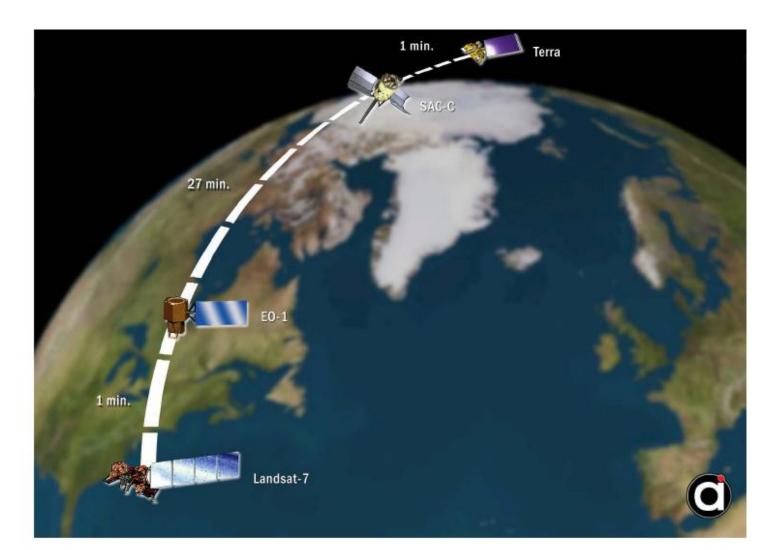
Some recent algorithm developments

□ Atmospheric correction

Radiometric/BRDF normalization/Gap Filling

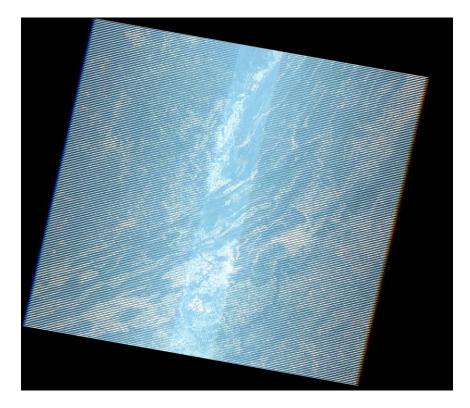
Landsat ETM+ and MODIS Terra in same orbit

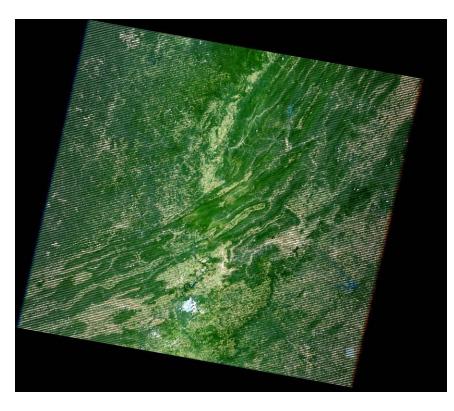




North West: Top of atmosphere Landsat ETM+ true color (red , green and blue bands); South East: Corresponding Surface reflectance computed using contemporaneous MODIS atmosphere parameterization data.

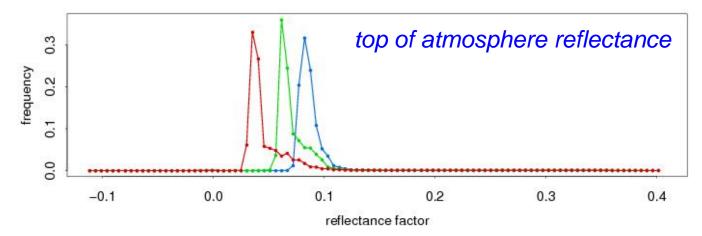
(Landsat Path 17 Row 34, Giles, Virginia, acquired July 18, 2008).

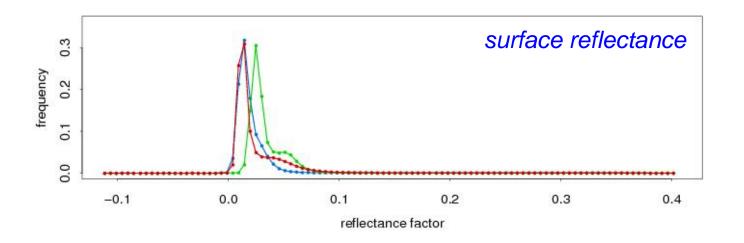




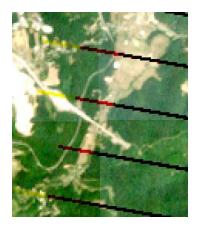
The atmospheric correction reduces visible reflectance, greatest reductions in the shorter wavelength blue band which has more atmospheric scattering, and with the green atmospherically corrected band showing greater reflectance after correction

which is expected given that the scene is dominated by veg.



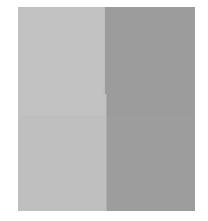


Blockiness due to 0.05° MODIS atmospheric paramerization



Surf reflectance true color

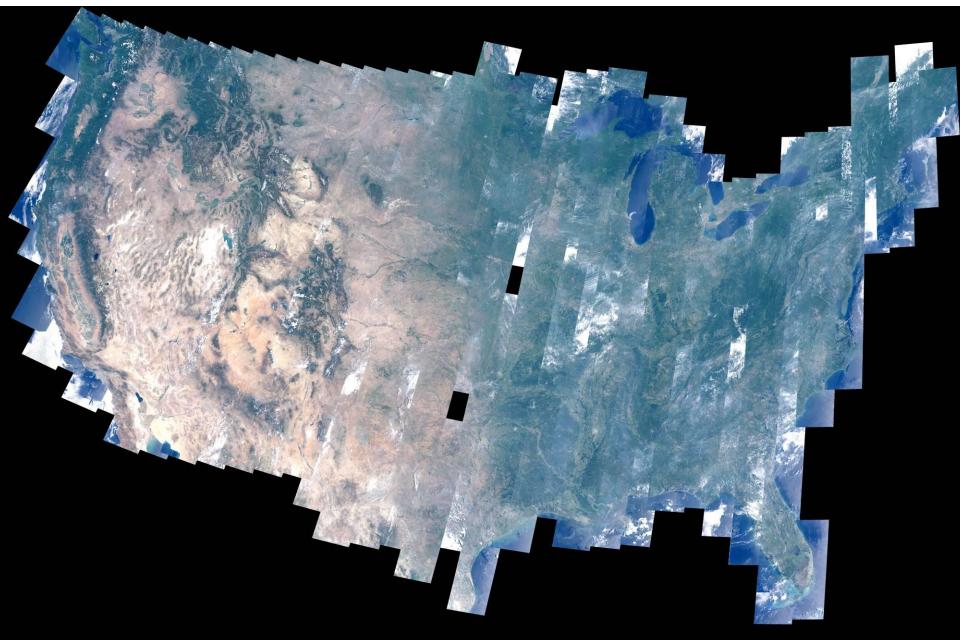




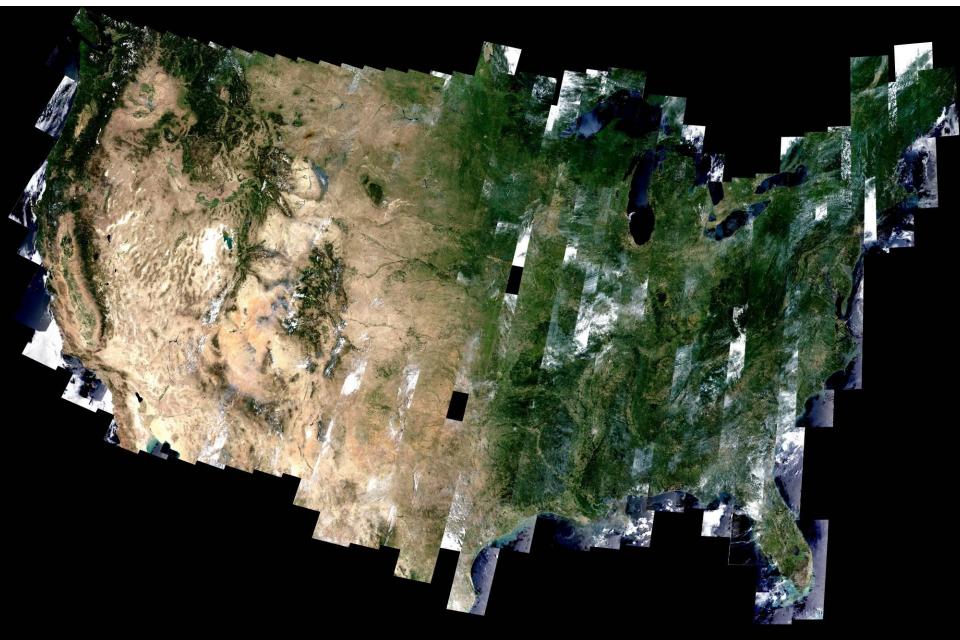
AOT

Water vapor

July 2008 composite. Band 3, 2, 1 (red, green, blue) Top of Atmosphere Reflectance



July 2008 composite. Band 3, 2, 1 (red, green, blue) Surface Reflectance - using advanced MODIS Landsat method



TOA bands 1,2,3 North Carolina, June 18, 2008



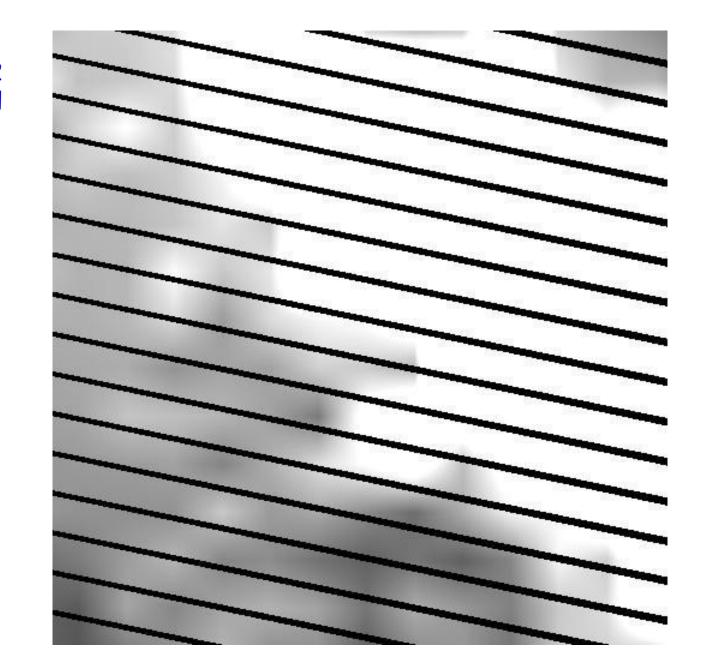
LEDAPS Surface Reflectance



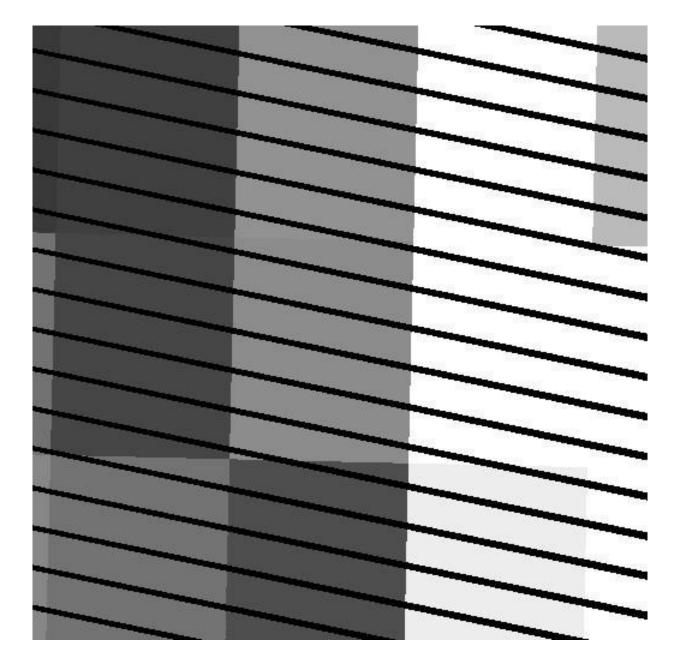
Advanced MODIS surface reflectance



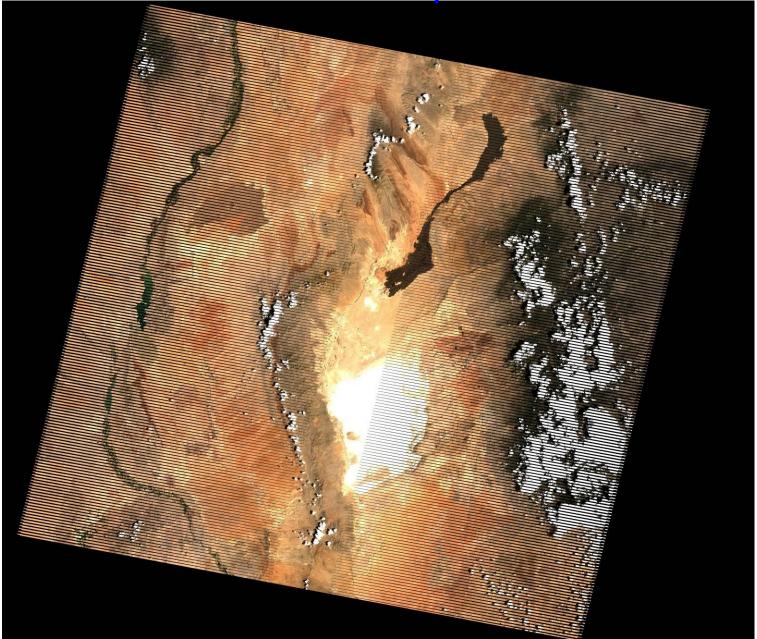
LEDAPS, band 1 AOT (range: 0.0009 - 1.595)



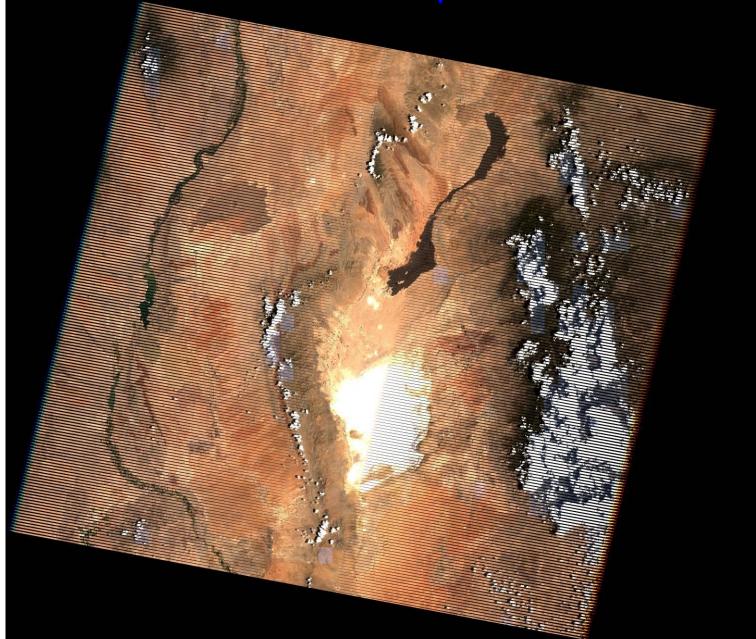
Advanced MODIS AOT (range: 0 - 1.076)



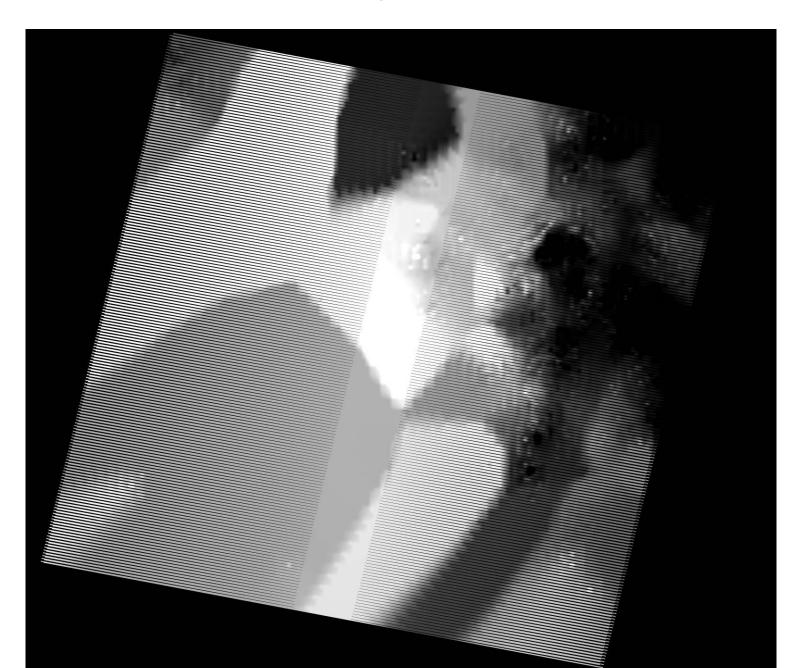
LEDAPS Surface Refectance, bands 1,2,3. White Sands, New Mexico, July 2 2008



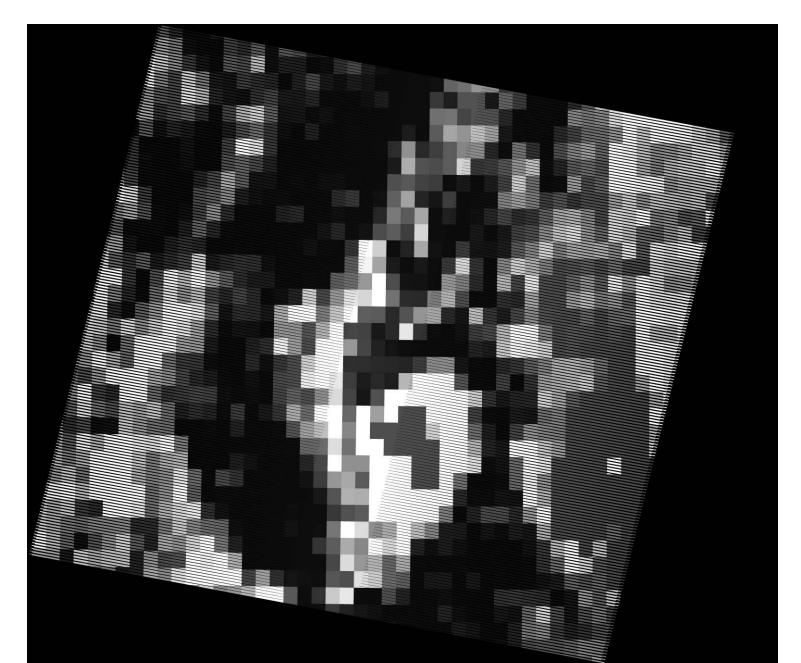
Advanced MODIS Surface Reflectance, bands 1,2,3. White Sands, New Mexico, July 2 2008



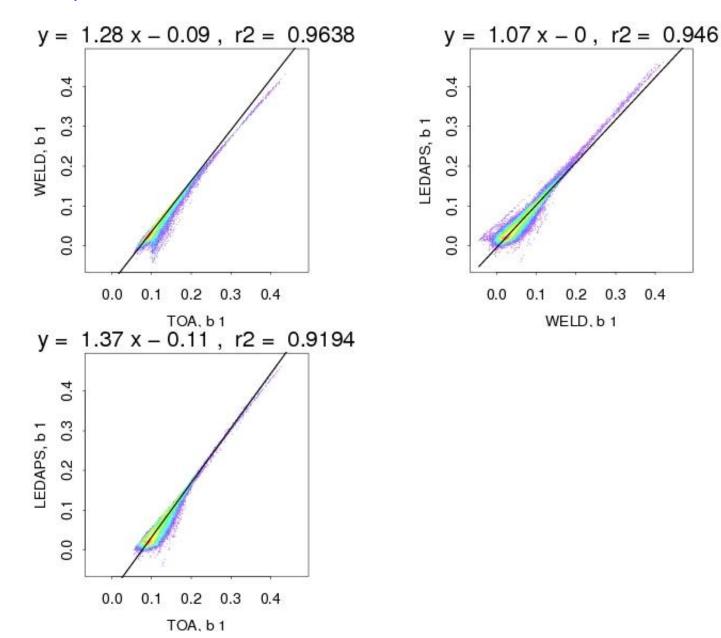
LEDAPS, band 1 AOT (range: 0.009-0.868)



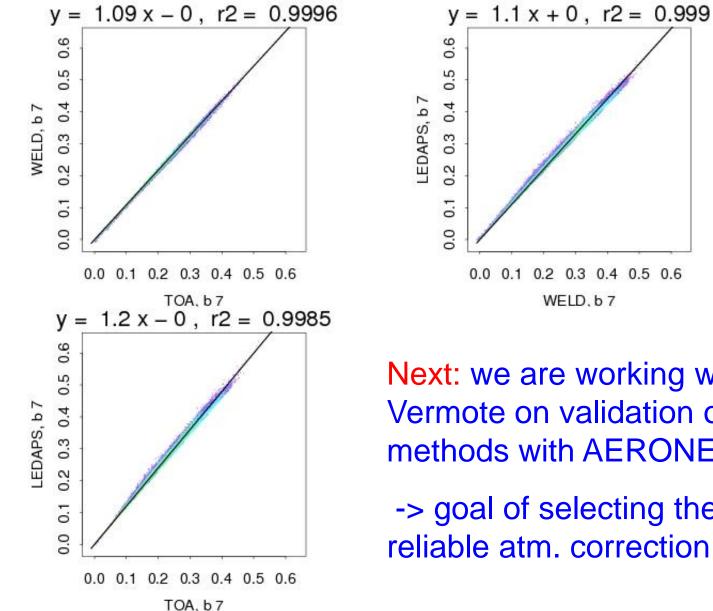
Advanced MODIS, band 1 AOT (range: 0-0.813)



Advanced MODIS V LEDAPS Band 1 SR (blue, 0.45-0.52µm), 373,013 pixels, 10 scenes



Advanced MODIS V LEDAPS Band 7 SR (blue, 2.09-2.35µm), 373,013 pixels, 10 scenes



Next: we are working with Eric Vermote on validation of the 2 methods with AERONET

-> goal of selecting the most reliable atm. correction method

Radiometric Normalization

• WELD processing (conversion to reflectance, cloud screening, atmospheric correction, compositing) will largely remove reflectance variations

• Except for reflectance differences due to illumination & observation angles

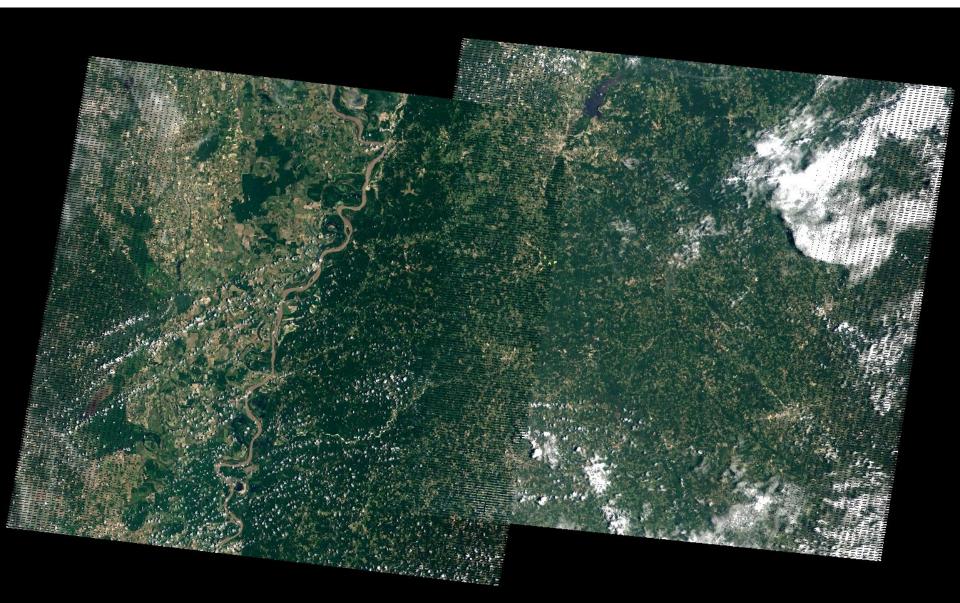
$$\hat{\rho}_{ETM+,t1} \left(\mathbf{k}_{ETM+}, \mathbf{\Omega}_{nadir}, \mathbf{\Omega}_{solar\,noon} \right) = c \times \rho_{ETM+,t1} \left(\mathbf{k}_{ETM+}, \mathbf{\Omega}_{observed}, \mathbf{\Omega}_{observed} \right)$$

$$c = \frac{\hat{\rho}_{MODIS,t1} \left(\mathbf{k}_{MODIS}, \mathbf{\Omega}_{nadir}, \mathbf{\Omega}_{solar\,noon} \right)}{\hat{\rho}_{MODIS,t1} \left(\mathbf{k}_{MODIS}, \mathbf{\Omega}_{observed}, \mathbf{\Omega}_{observed} \right)}$$

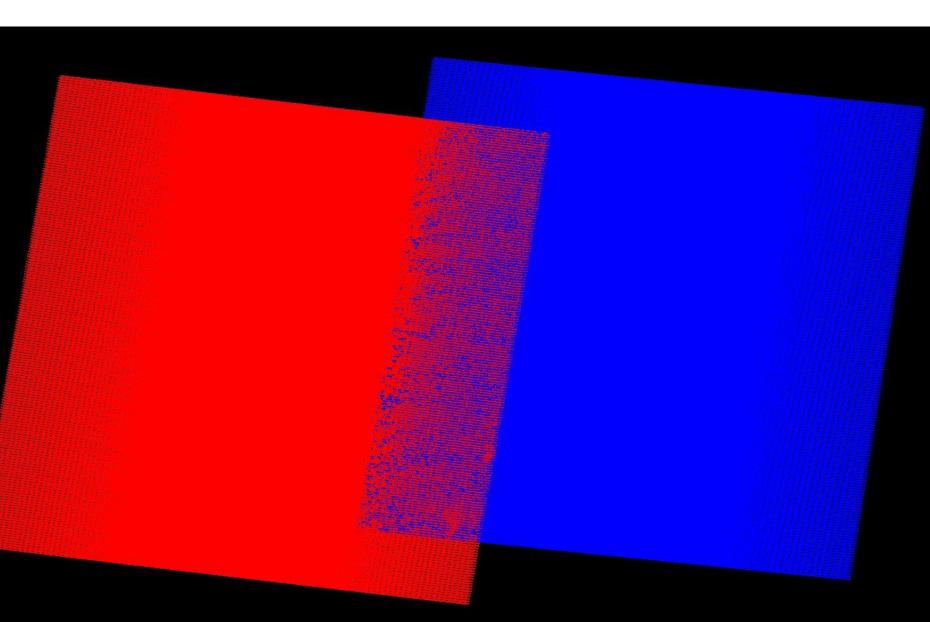
 $\hat{\rho}_{MODIS}$ computed from MODIS 16-day 500m BRDF/Albedo product spectral BRDF model parameters

Thus, Landsat reflectance may be normalized to some desired geometry e.g., nadir view zenith and local solar noon, for each 500m MODIS pixel.

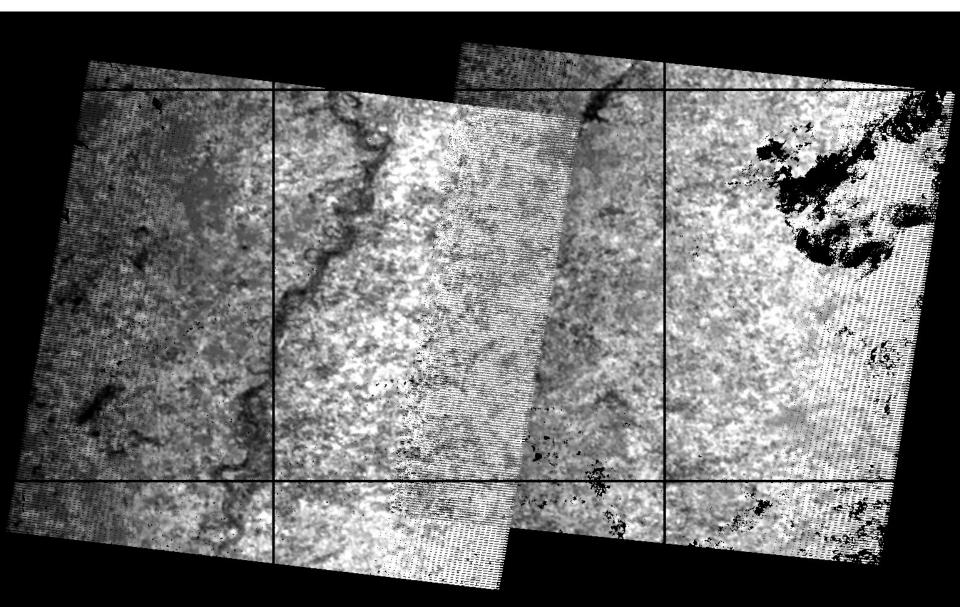
Path 23 Row 38, July 12 & Path 22 Row 38, July 5, 2008 Band 3, 2, 1 (red, green, blue) TOA reflectance Before radiometric normalization



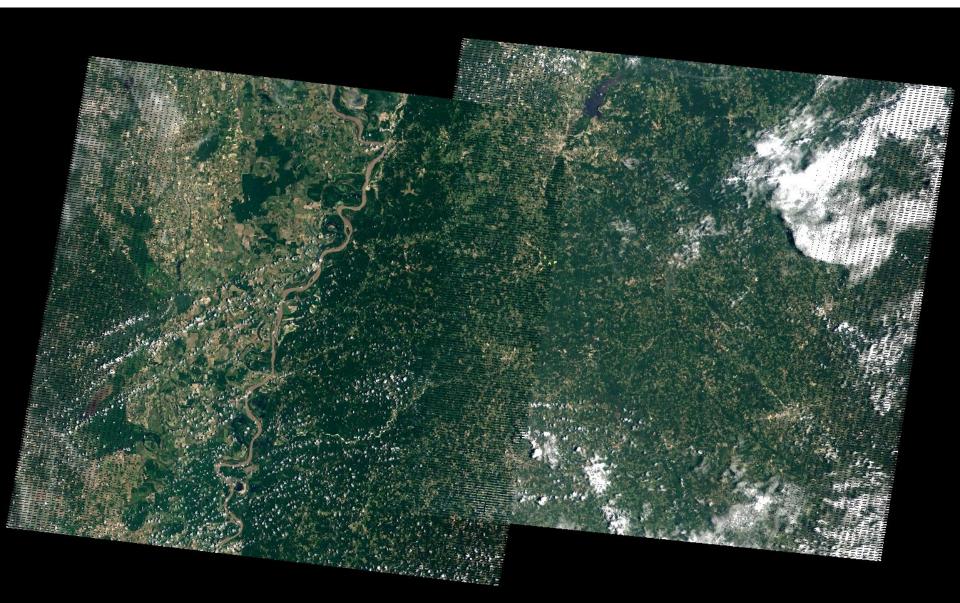
Composited Day of Year Red: July 12 Blue: July 5



Band 3 (red, 0.63-0.69 $\mu\text{m})$ MODIS derived scaling factors (range: 0.97-1.43)

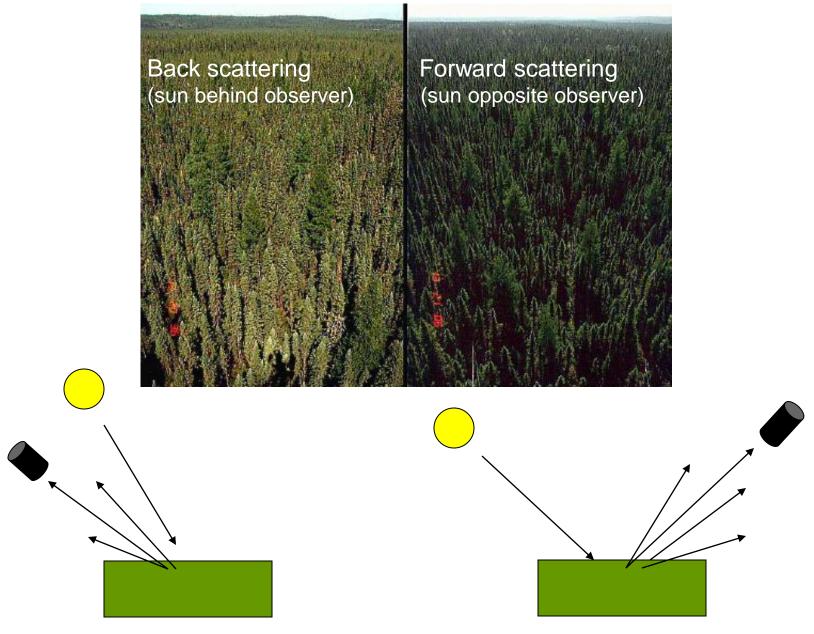


Path 23 Row 38, July 12 & Path 22 Row 38, July 5, 2008 Band 3, 2, 1 (red, green, blue) TOA reflectance Before radiometric normalization



Path 23 Row 38, July 12 & Path 22 Row 38, July 5, 2008 Band 3, 2, 1 (red, green, blue) TOA reflectance After radiometric normalization





Back scatter direction

Forward scatter direction

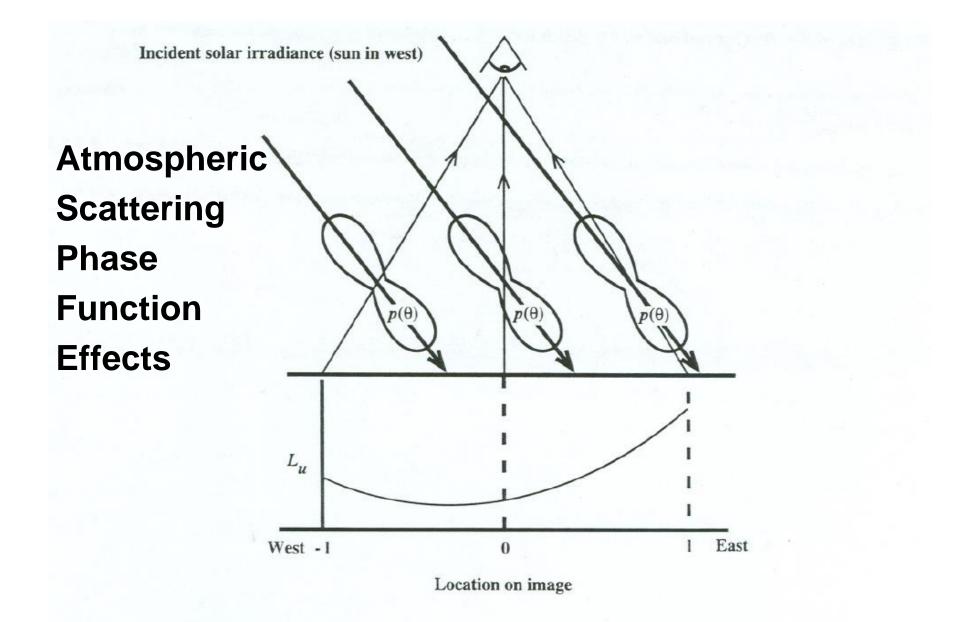
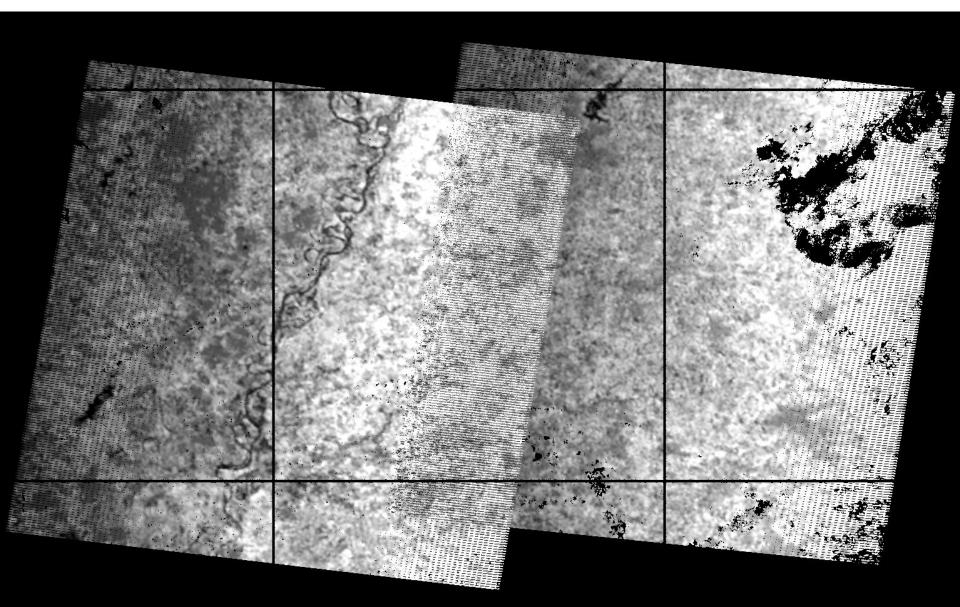
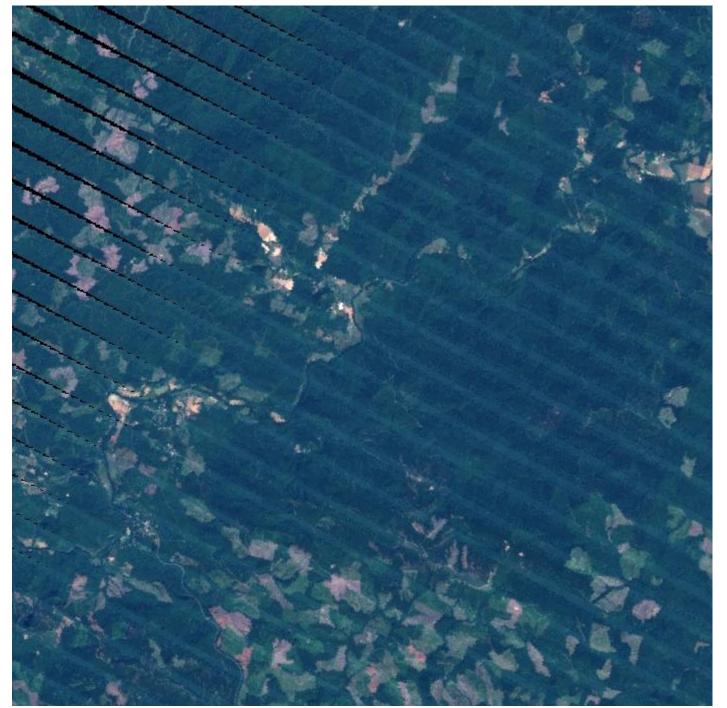


Figure 4.11 Variation in path radiance with view angle. A Rayleigh phase function is shown for refe

Band 7 (2.09-2.35 $\mu\text{m})$ MODIS derived scaling factors (range: 0.98-1.38)





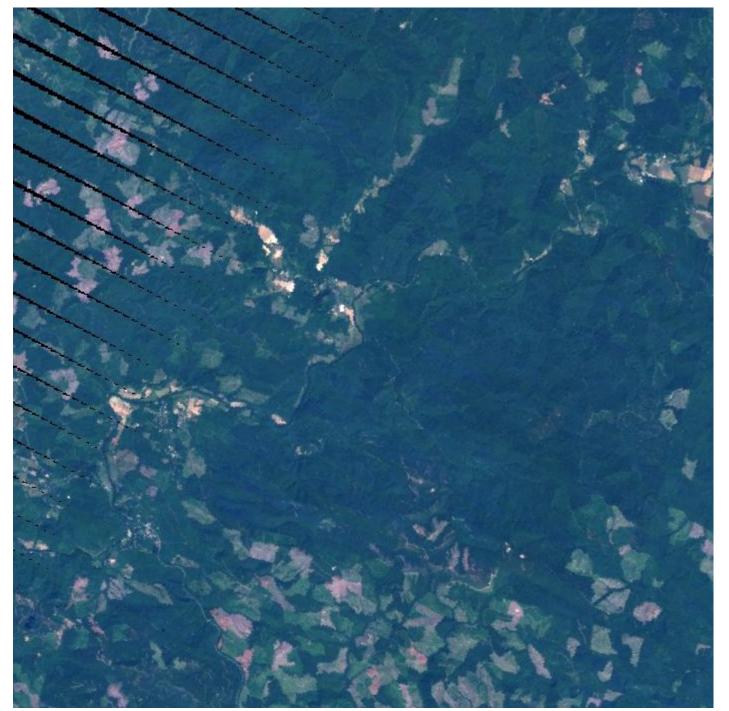
July 2008

2 dates composited

Bands 3,2,1

700 x 700 30m pixels

Before radiometric normalization



July 2008

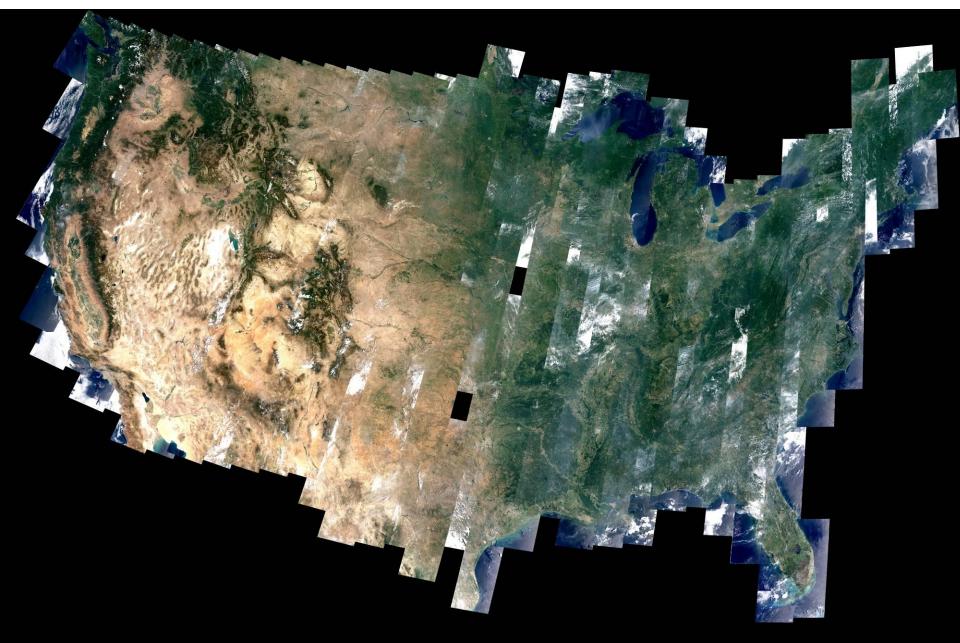
2 dates composited

Bands 3,2,1

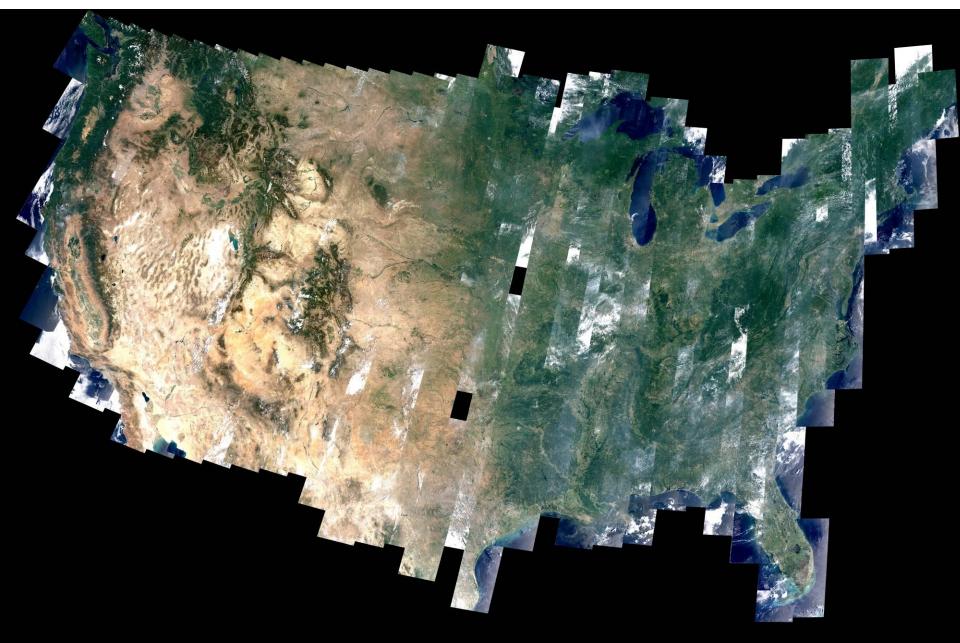
700 x 700 30m pixels

After radiometric normalization

July 2008 composite. Band 3, 2, 1 (red, green, blue) TOA reflectance Before radiometric normalization



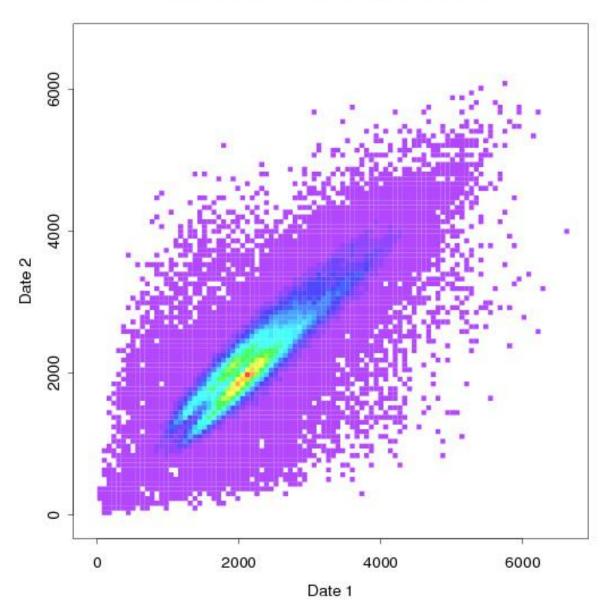
July 2008 composite. Band 3, 2, 1 (red, green, blue) TOA reflectance After radiometric normalization



Temporal reflectance comparison of 2 successive July 2008 weekly CONUS composites

Band 4 Observed TOA reflectance

Without MODIS based Radiometric normalization



Temporal reflectance comparison of 2 successive July 2008 weekly CONUS composites

With

Band 4 Normalized TOA reflectance

6000 **MODIS** based 4000 Radiometric Date 2 normalization 2000 0 2000 4000 6000 0 Date 1

Future WELD Product Distribution (evolving in response to user feedback)

- 1. WELD Tile Products on an EROS data pool
- 2. Dedicated Web Interface to be ported to EROS
- Simple & Intuitive
- What You See Is What You Get (WYSIWG)
- Pan & Zoom against browse product of interest
 - Region
 - Composited period
- Order *any* arbitrary rectangular area up to 2GB file size
 - Rubber band box selection
 - Geographic or Albers coordinates
- Thick Client prototype developed & tested at SDSU

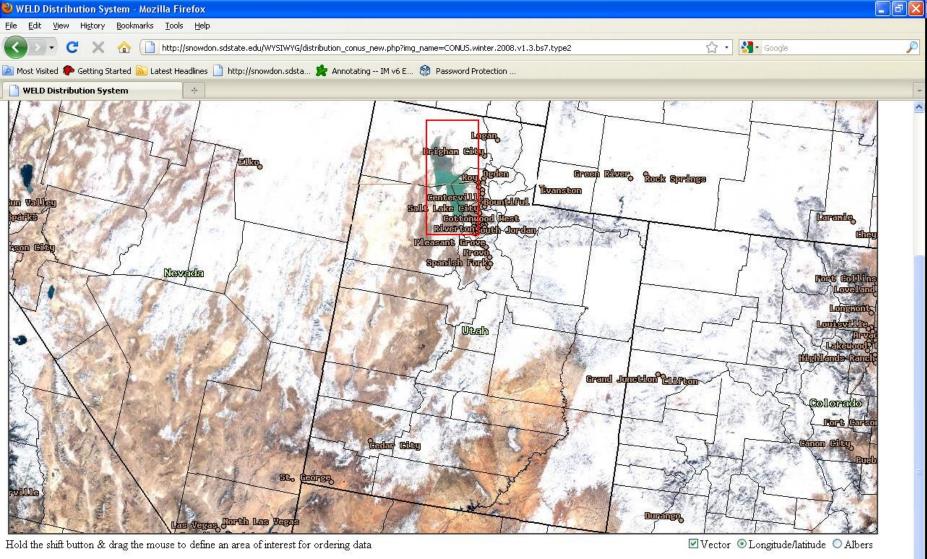
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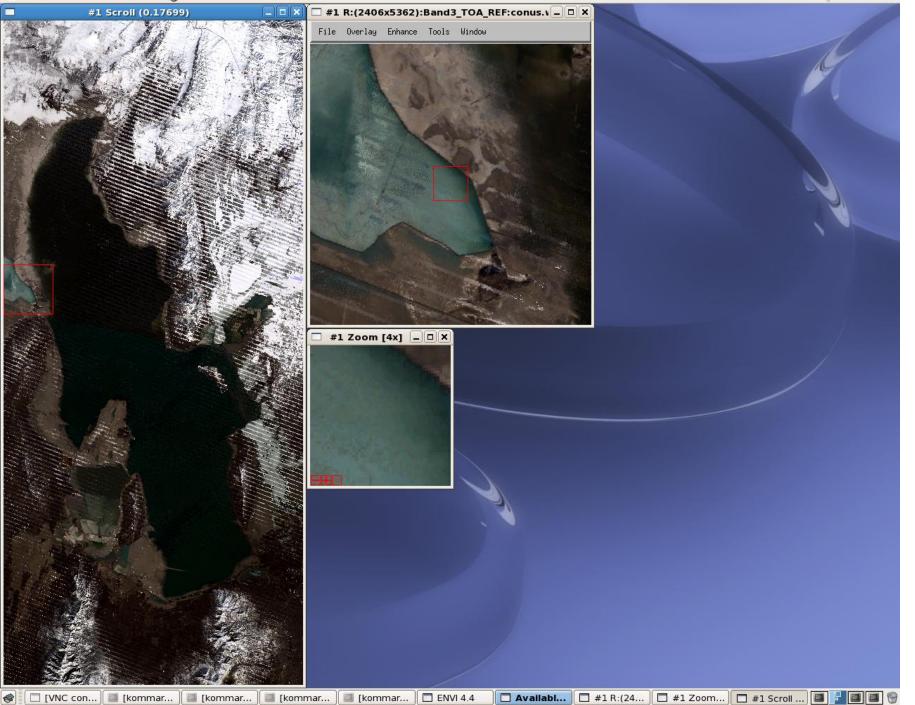
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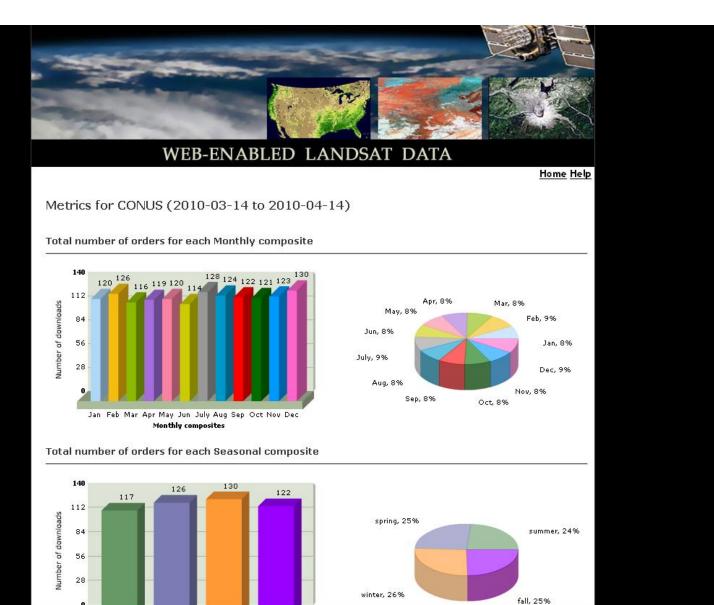
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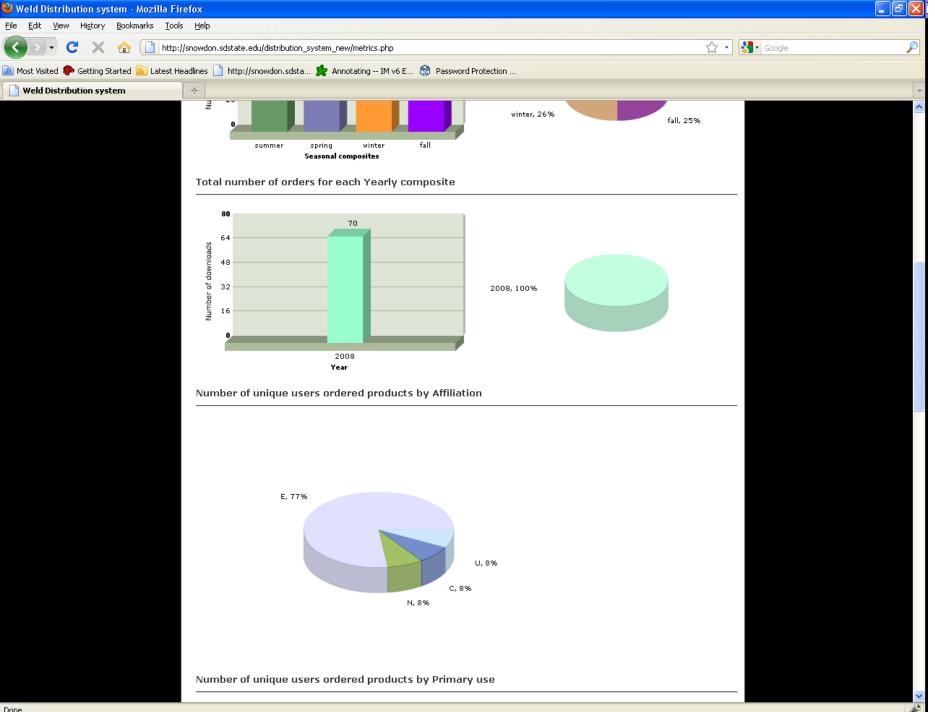
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V	Jest: -112.78206150		East: -112.26212602	
		South: 40.42287347		

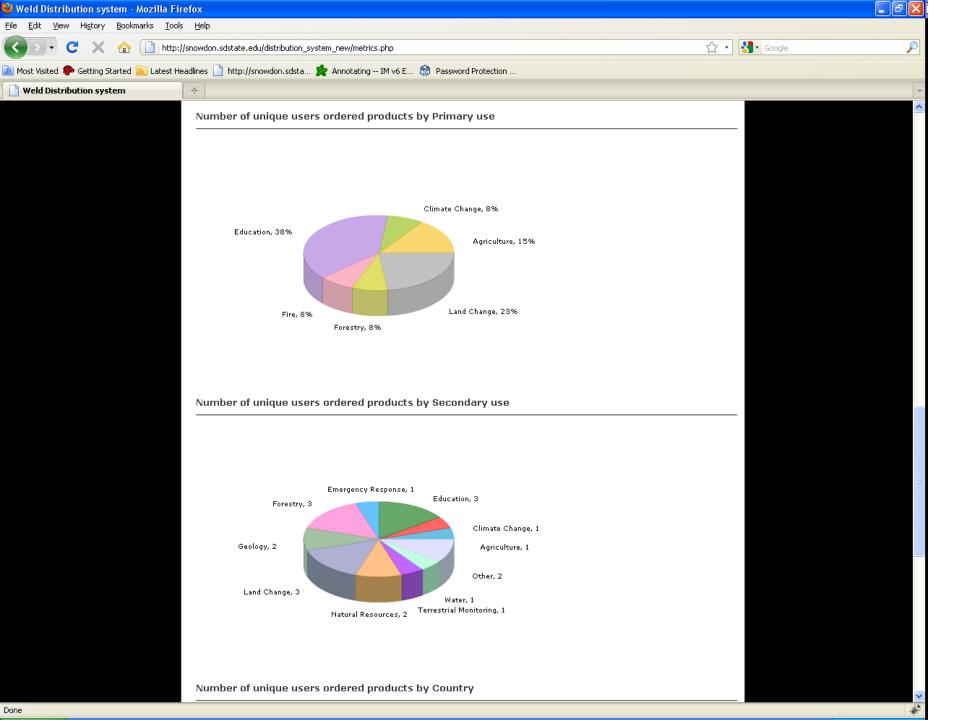


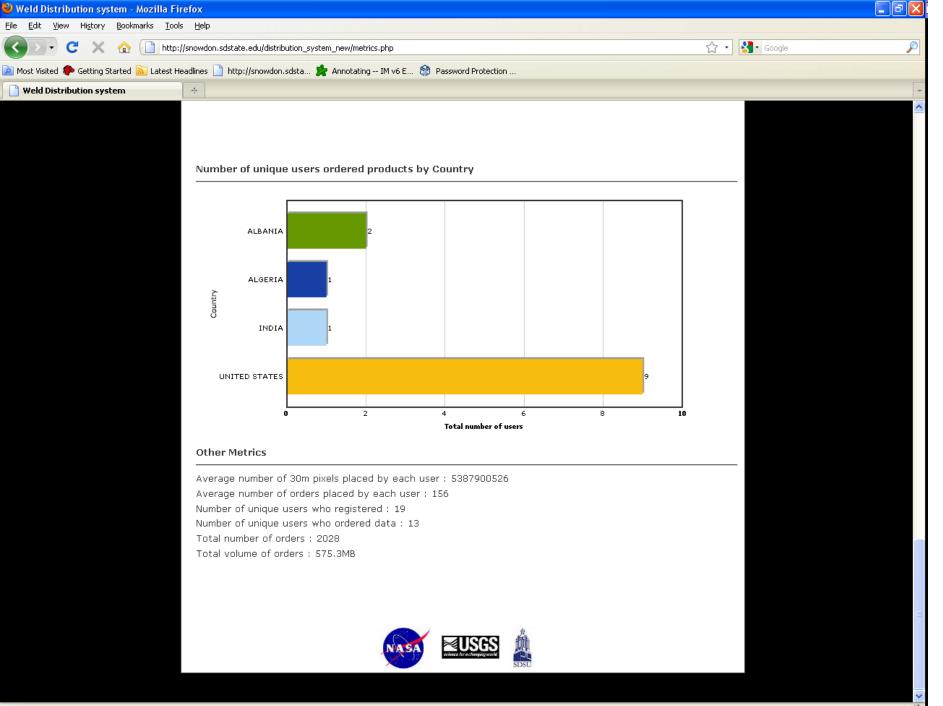
Distribution Metrics



Read snowdon.sdstate.edu







2010 Schedule for WELD system port from SDSU to EROS

WELD Version 1.3 sample distribution

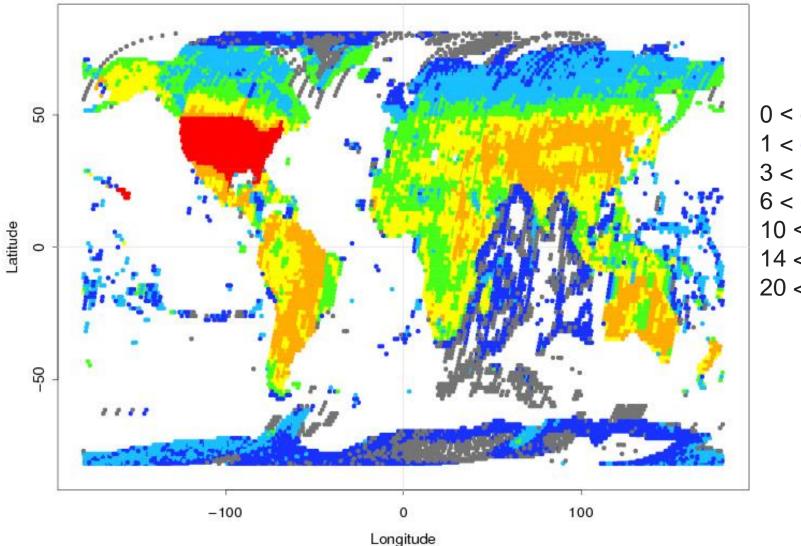
- Done Jan. 15th 2010
- http://landsat.usgs.gov/WELD.php
- WYSISWY Distribution System
 - Version 1.4
 - **2007/2008/2009**
 - CONUS & Alaska
 - weekly/monthly/seasonal/annual composited mosaics

July 2010

Reprocessing and other years will be distributed in 2010-2013, evolving in response to community feedback

Global WELD?

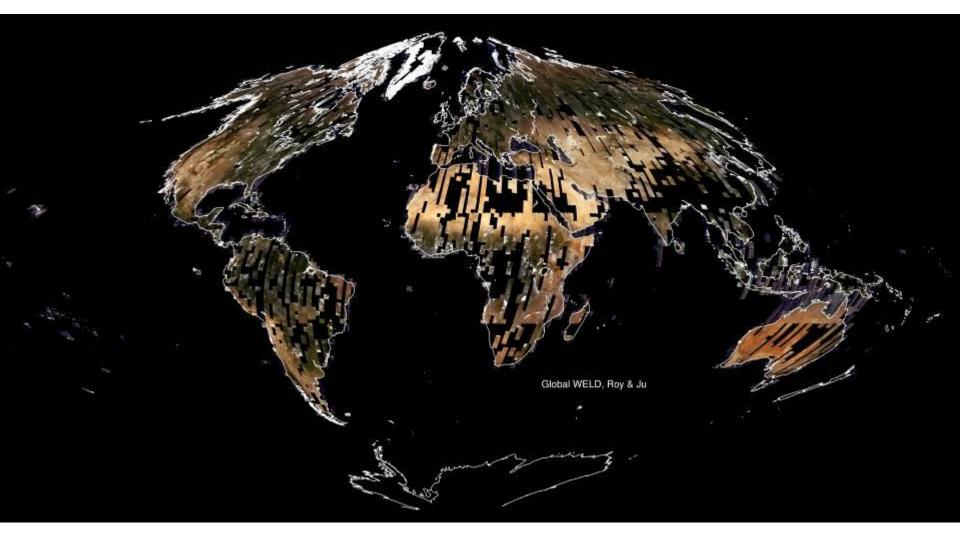
Average annual number of ETM+ acquisitions per path/row (2004-2009)



 $0 < \text{grey} \le 1$ $1 < \text{dark blue} \le 3$ $3 < \text{light blue} \le 6$ $6 < \text{green} \le 10$ $10 < \text{yellow} \le 14$ $14 < \text{orange} \le 20$ $20 < \text{red} \le 23$

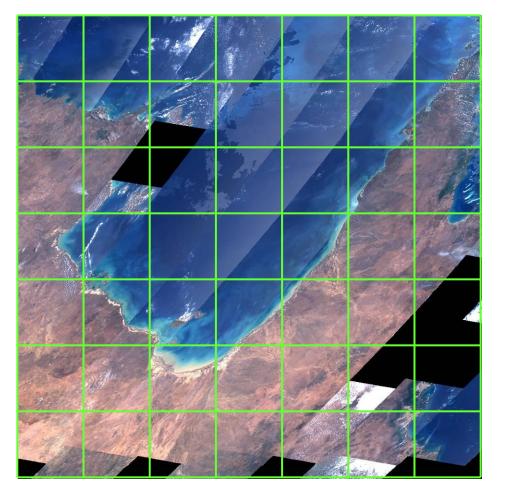
Global WELD: Landsat 30m Leaf-on Monthly composite

(Southern hemisphere Jan. 2010, Tropics ±20° October 2009, Northern hemisphere July 2009)



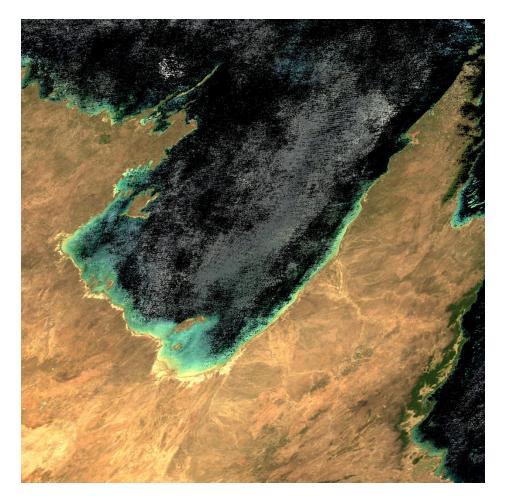
Generated from 6,796 L1T acquisitions in USGS EROS archive with cloud cover < 40%

Global WELD proof of concept



- ETM+ TOA true color 30m reflectance composite
- 7 x 7 WELD Landsat tiles
 nested within each MODIS
 tile
- All October 2009 ETM+ acquisitions in USGS EROS archive
- Gulf of Carpentaria, Australia

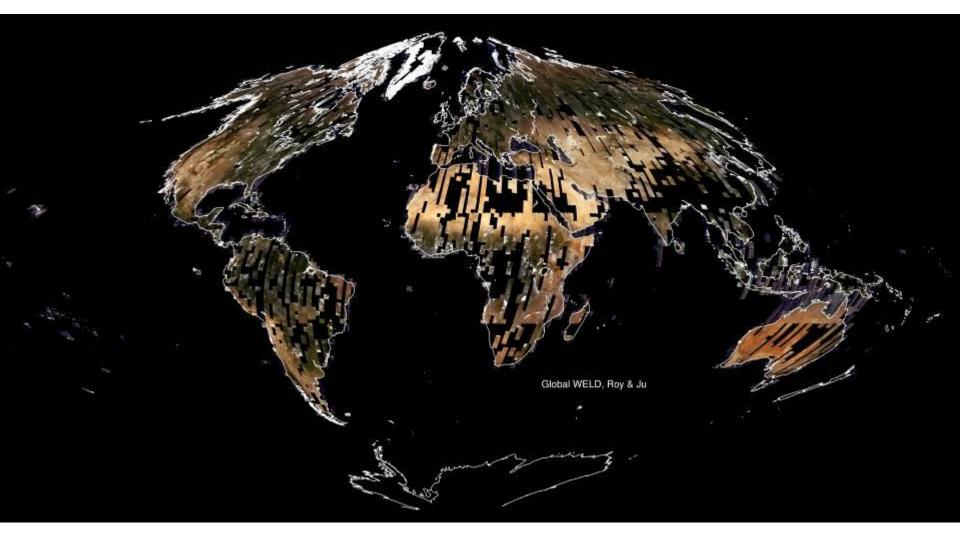
Global WELD proof of concept



- MODIS nadir view BRDFadjusted 500m true color reflectance
- MODIS Land Tile h31v10
- All Terra and Aqua daily surface reflectance for October 2009
- Gulf of Carpentaria, Australia

Global WELD: Landsat 30m Leaf-on Monthly composite

(Southern hemisphere Jan. 2010, Tropics ±20° October 2009, Northern hemisphere July 2009)



Generated from 6,796 L1T acquisitions in USGS EROS archive with cloud cover < 40%

The community wants a long term Landsat data record of higher level products, globally

