Matthew Hansen<sup>a</sup>, Peter Potapov<sup>a</sup>, Steve Stehman<sup>b</sup>, Kyle Pittman<sup>a</sup>, Thomas Loveland<sup>c</sup>, Mark Carroll<sup>d</sup>, Charlene DiMiceli<sup>d</sup>

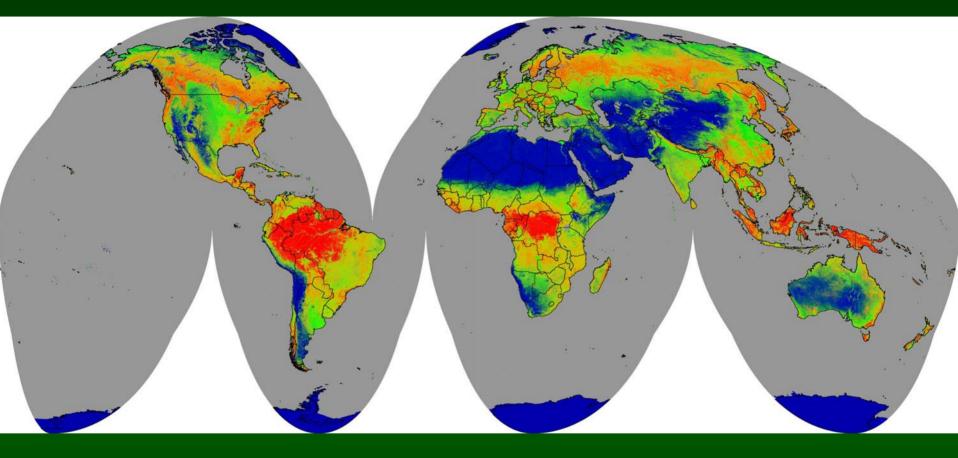
## Mapping the Boreal zone – forest cover and forest cover loss 2000 to 2005

- a South Dakota State University, GIScCE
- b State University of New York, SUNY-ESF
- c USGS, EROS Data center
- d University of Maryland





#### **MODIS Vegetation Continuous Fields – 2000**



Bare ground

Grass/shrubs/moss

100%

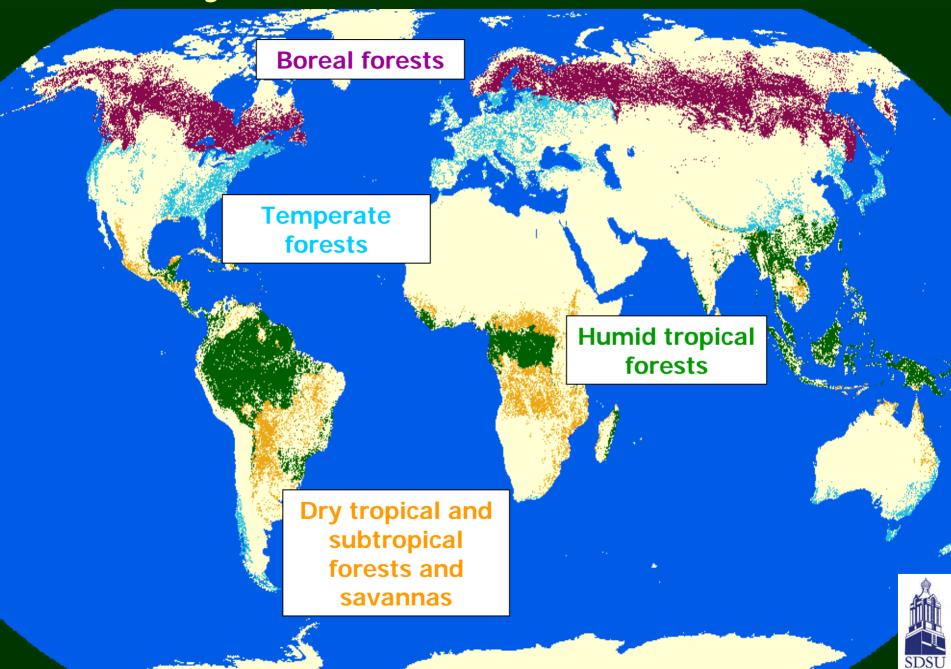
Trees

Percent cover

0%



#### Major forest biomes of the World



## Mapping boreal forest cover and forest cover loss, 2000 to 2005

- Use a sampling approach with Landsat data to estimate area of change
- Employ MODIS to stratify boreal biome into high, medium and low areas of change
- Also use MODIS in the analysis phase via a regression estimator procedure
- Integrated approach enables rapid assessment of biome-scale change with known uncertainty
- The approach employs MODIS data on an annual basis and Landsat data for years 2000 and 2005
- Maps presence or absence of tree cover, disregarding forestry land use definitions



## Biome-scale MODIS-based forest cover loss monitoring

- MODIS data time series analysis is based on annual metrics instead of monthly composites alone
- Classification and regression tree (CART) classification algorithm employed as primary tool for intellectual data analysis and change mapping
- Single supervised classification model used for biomewide annual data analysis
- Sub-pixel percent forest cover change training were used as a dependent variable. Coarse resolution training data set developed from higher resolution imagery



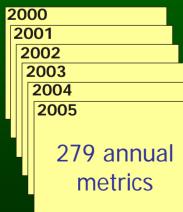
#### **MODIS** time-series data analysis

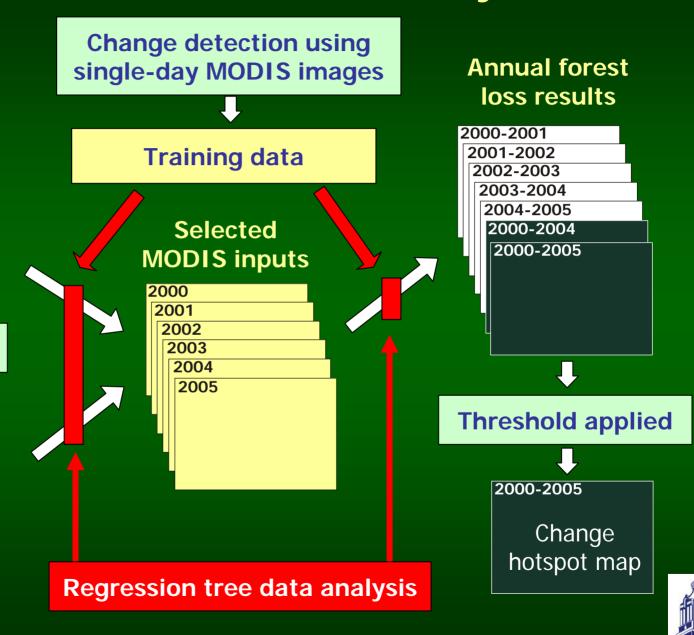




**Data aggregation** 

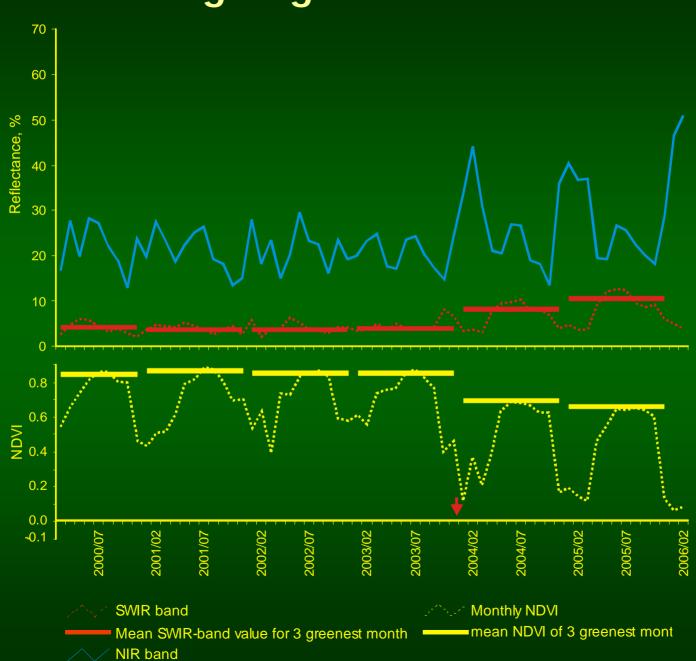
#### **Annual metrics**





## Example of annual MODIS metrics - boreal region band 7 (SWIR) mean of 3 months band 2 (NIR) with highest NDVI band 1 (Red)

#### Change signal on MODIS metrics

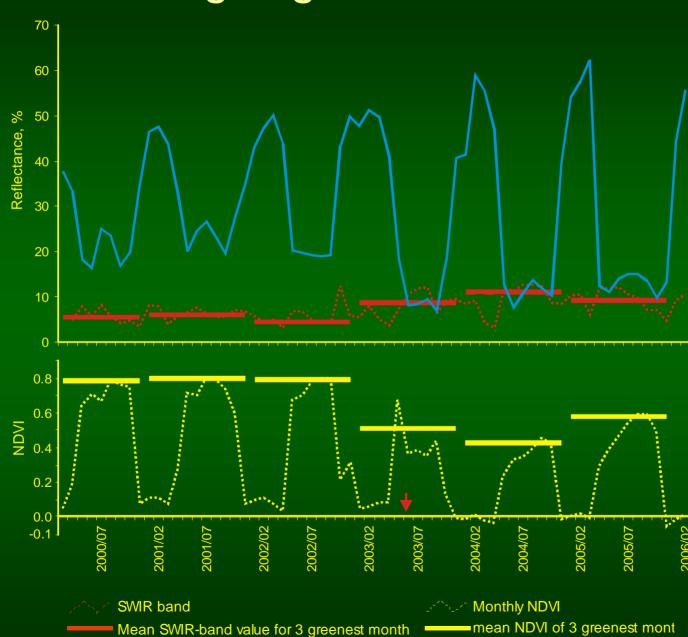


Area affected by clearcut (Québec, Canada)



#### Method

#### Change signal on MODIS metrics



**Area affected** by standreplacement fire (Québec, Canada)



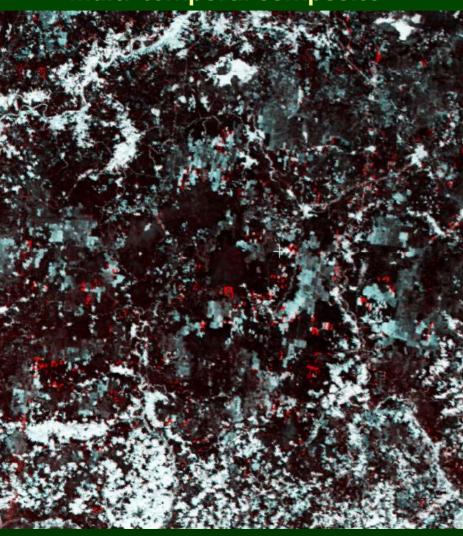


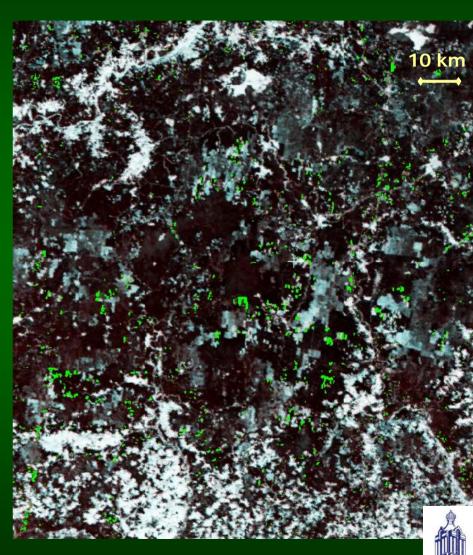
# Training sites distribution – Boreal biome **Boreal biome boundaries Training sites**

#### Training site example - Boreal biome

MODIS NIR band (250m) Multi-temporal composite

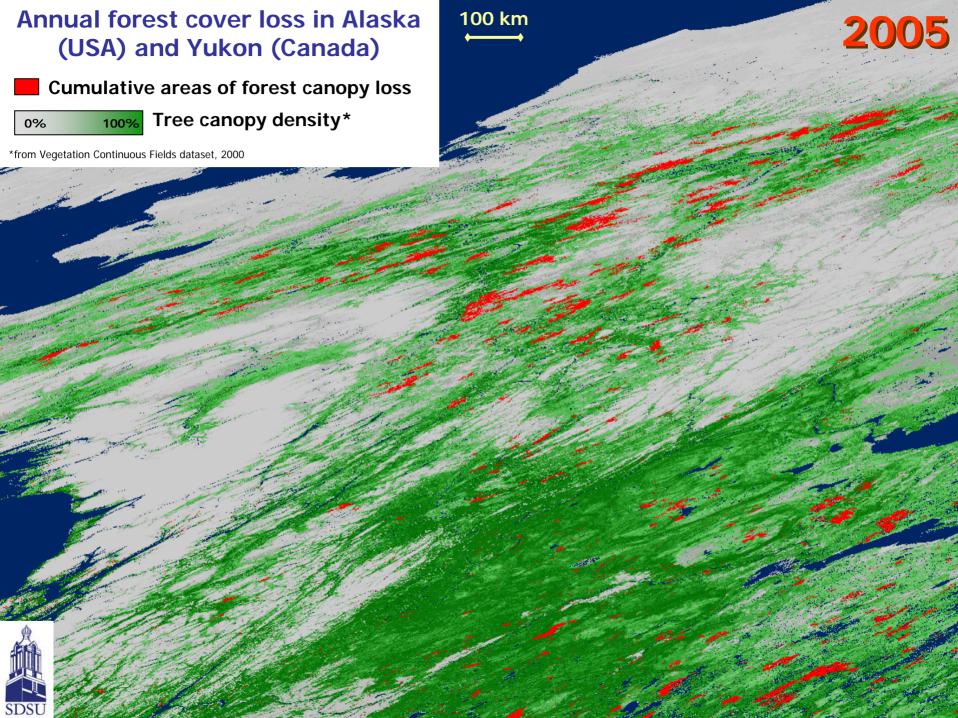
**Classification results** 

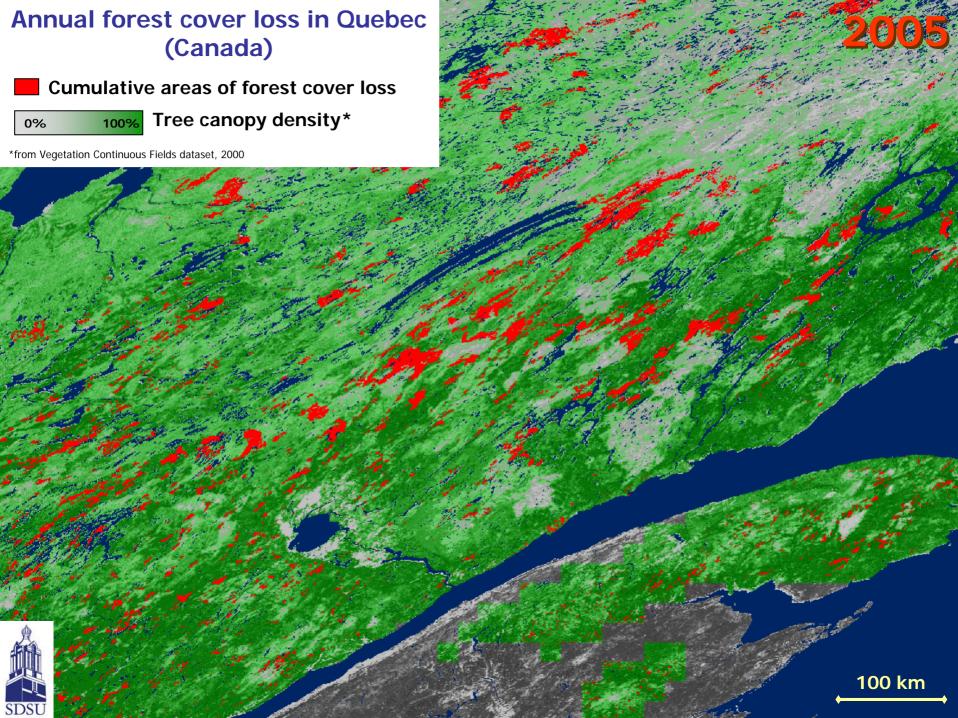


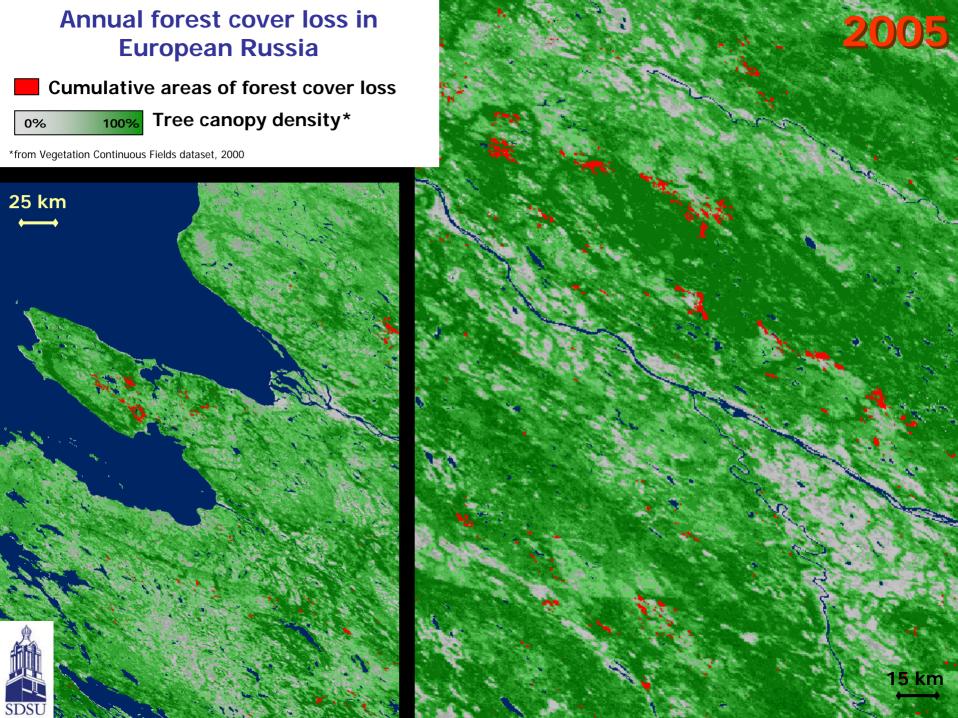


Main areas of forest removal

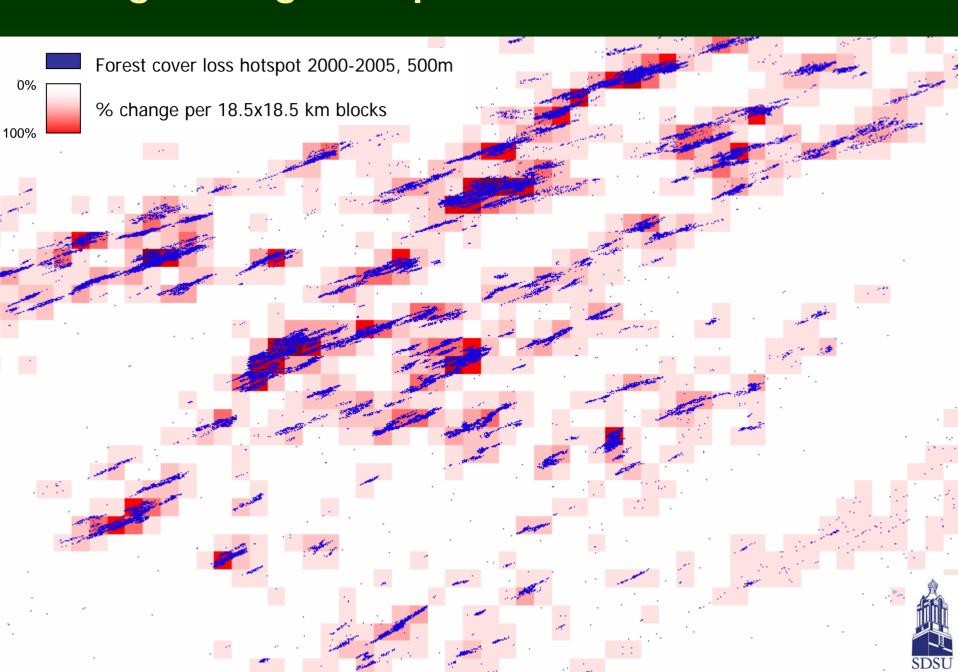
Forest cover loss areas







#### Average change hotspot for 18.5x18.5 km blocks



## Hotspot map change into change likelihood strata



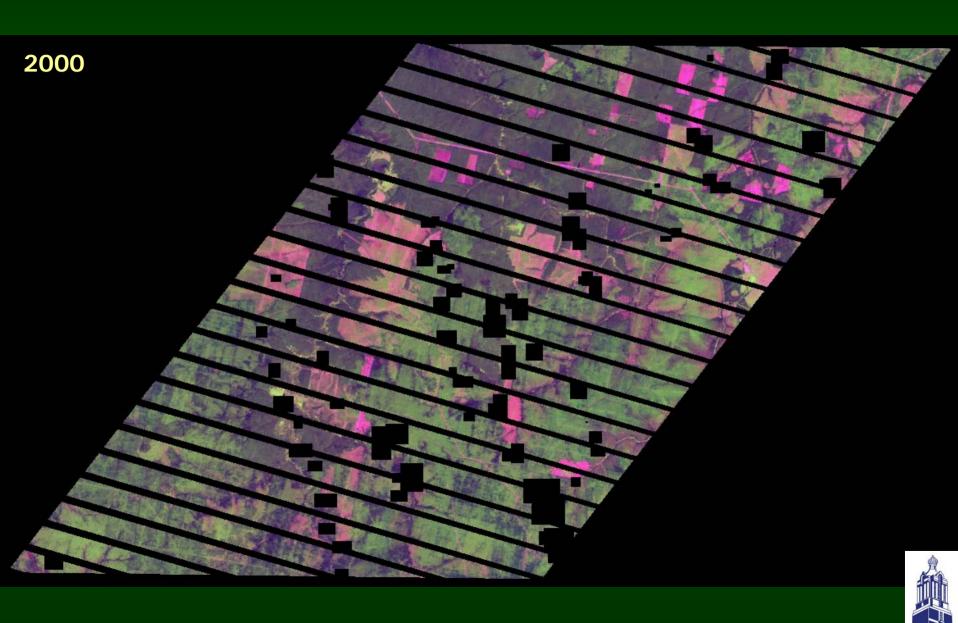
#### Stratified samples

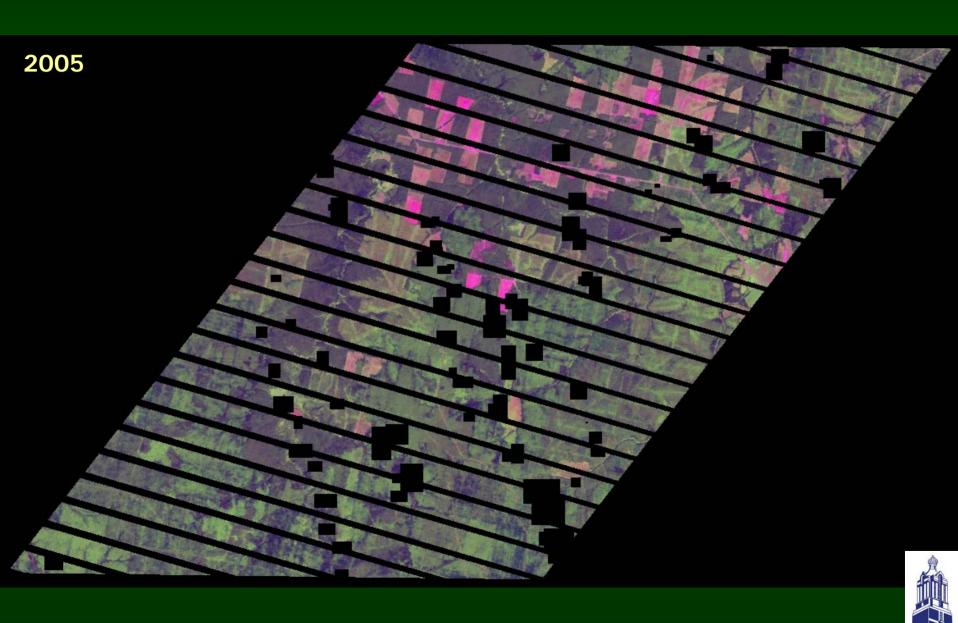


Low change

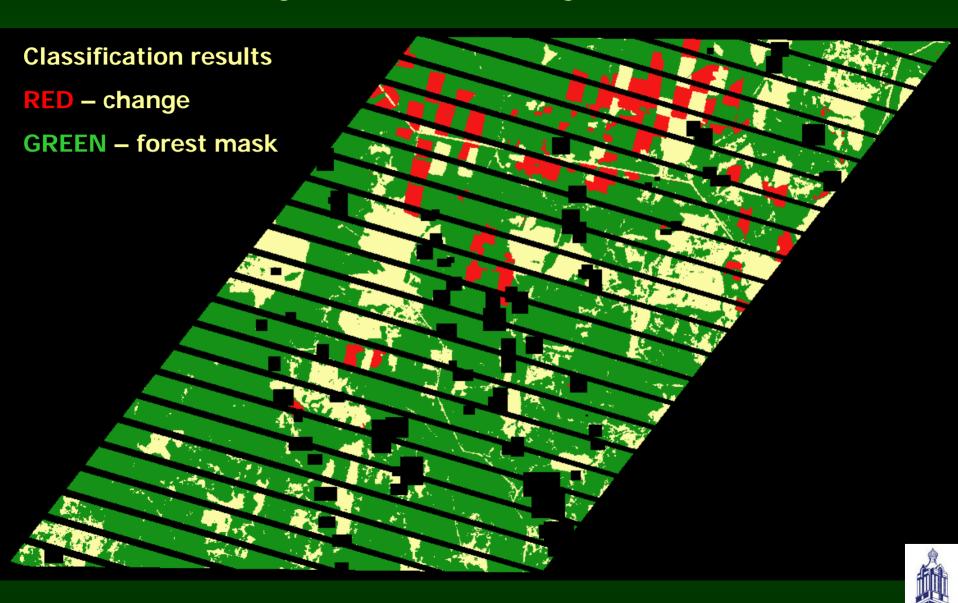
Medium change

High change

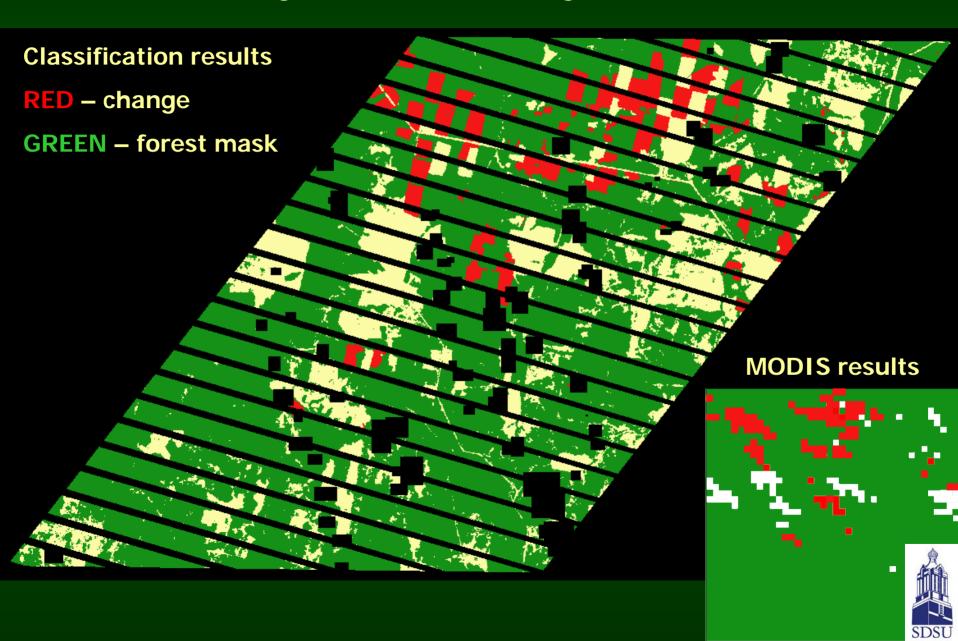




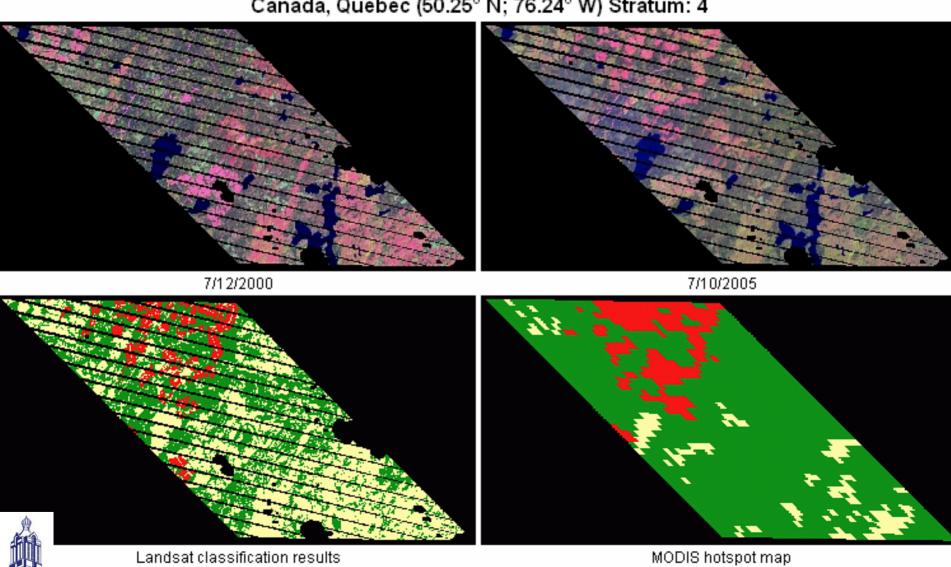
**Image classification – Change 2000-2005** 



**Image classification – Change 2000-2005** 

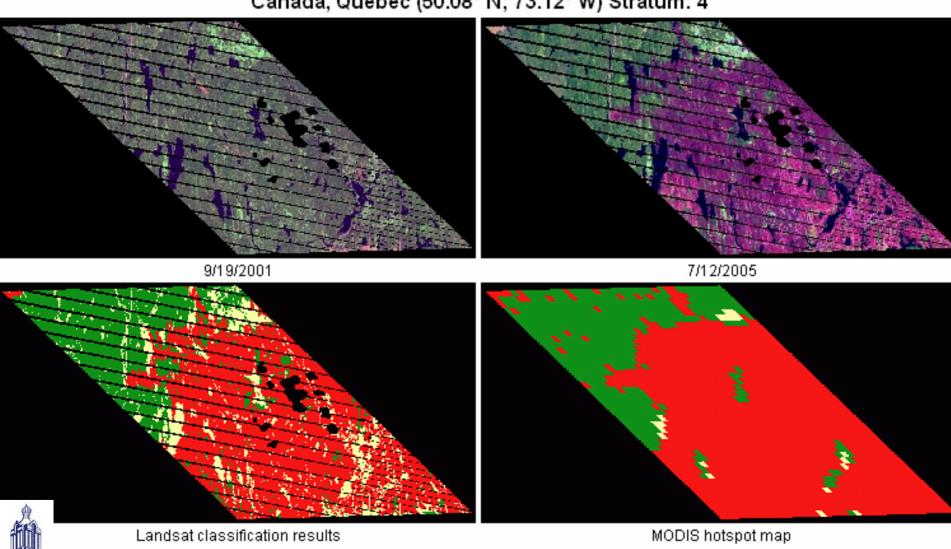


#### Canada, Quebec (50.25° N; 76.24° W) Stratum: 4



Red - Forest canopy loss; Green - Forest cover; Yellow - Non-forest areas; Black - Clouds/No Data.

#### Canada, Quebec (50.08° N; 73.12° W) Stratum: 4



Red - Forest canopy loss; Green - Forest cover; Yellow - Non-forest areas; Black - Clouds/No Data.

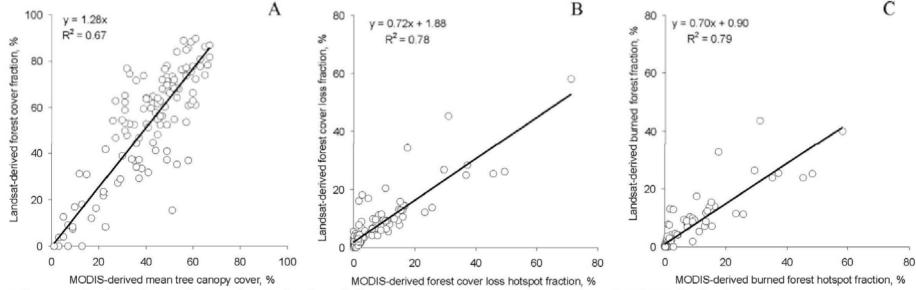


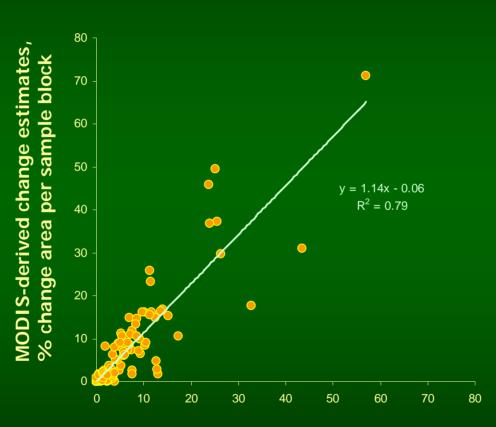
Figure 6. A. Plot of Landsat-derived forest cover fraction versus MODIS-derived mean tree canopy cover (VCF product) per sample block.

B. Plot of Landsat-derived versus MODIS-derived forest cover loss fraction per sample block. C. Plot of Landsat-derived versus MODIS-derived burned forest fraction per sample block. (n=118 sample blocks).



#### **Boreal biome**

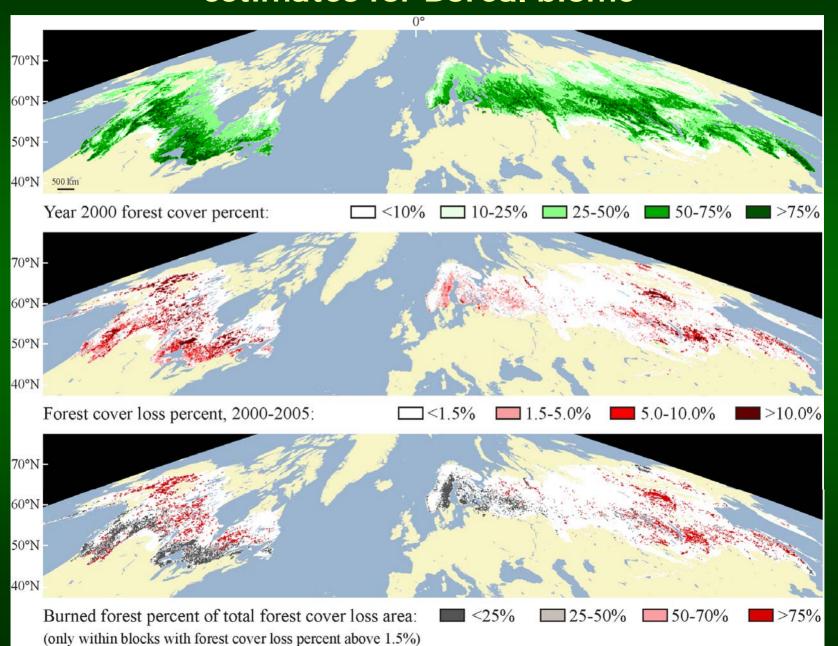
118 sample blocks



Landsat-derived change estimates, % change area per sample block

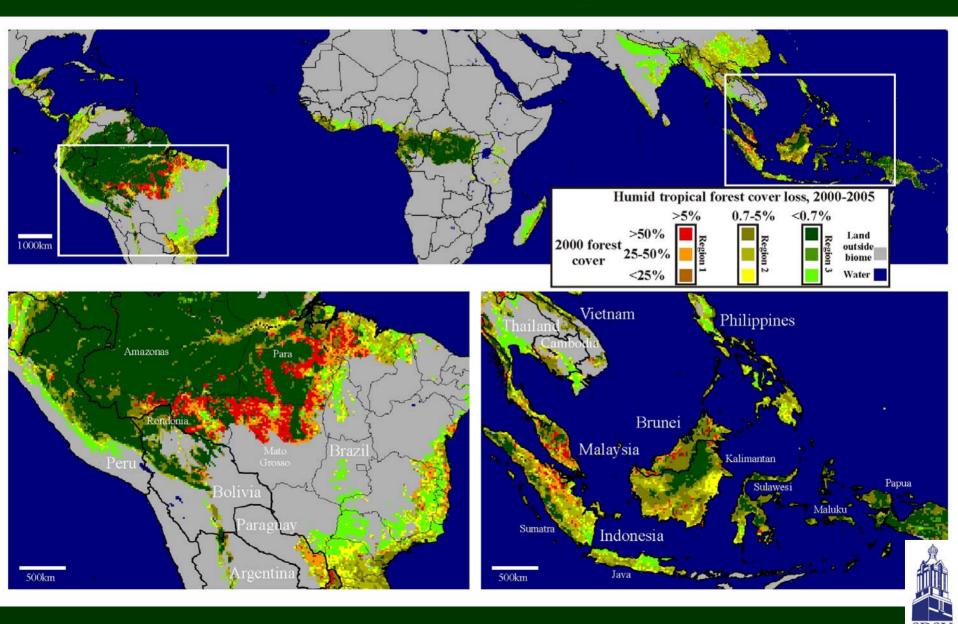


### Landsat-calibrated forest cover and forest cover loss estimates for Boreal biome





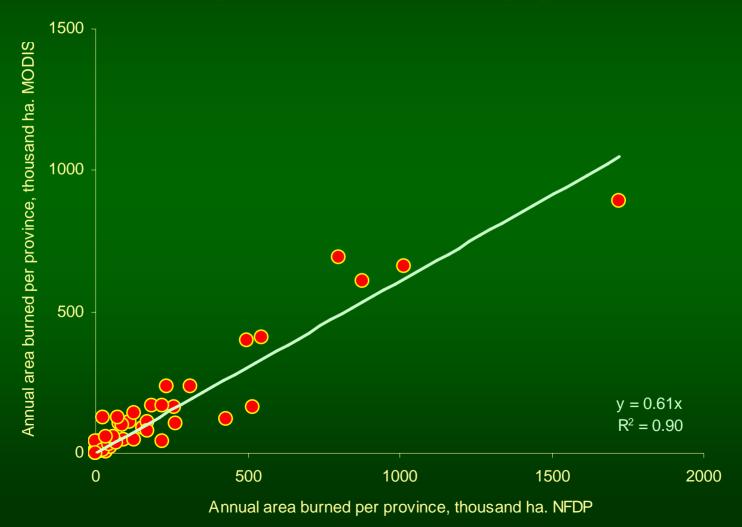
## Landsat-calibrated forest cover and forest cover loss estimates for Humid Tropical biome



#### MODIS change analysis validation using independent datasets

NFDP burned areas data for Canada

#### Comparison of annual burned area per province

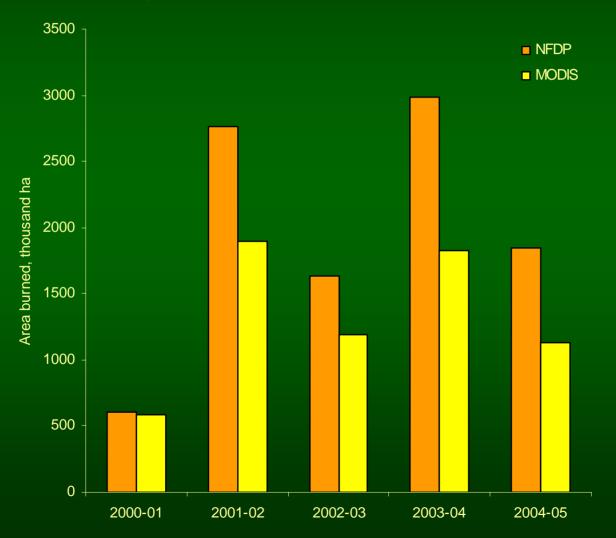




#### MODIS change analysis validation using independent datasets

NFDP burned areas data for Canada

#### Comparison of annual burned area for Canada





## Forest cover loss area 2000-2005 for continents and selected countries within the boreal biome

Region	Percent of total biome area	Within-region forest cover loss as percent of land area (s.e.)	Within-region forest cover loss as percent of year 2000 forest area	Percent forest cover loss within the region attributed to fire	
By continent					
North America	36.4	2.44 (0.12)	5.63	57.9	
Eurasia	63.6	1.17 (0.12)	3.00	60.0	
By country					
Canada	30.5	2.34 (0.15)	5.28	54.7	
Russia	53.7	1.18 (0.19)	2.91	65.2	
Biome total		1.63 (0.10)	4.02	58.9	

### Biome-wide forest cover loss area estimation, 2000-2005

	Boreal	Humid Tropics
Biome area, million ha	2,150.9	1,962.4
Forest area 2000, million ha	872.3	925.1
% forest loss 2000-2005 (standard error)	1.63 (0.10)	1.39 (0.08)
Area of forest loss 2000-2005, million ha	35.1	27.2
% Forest loss area of forest 2000 area	4.02 2.25 excluding fire	2.36



#### Conclusion

- A monitoring strategy combining data from sensors at multiple temporal and spatial resolutions offers a feasible and cost-effective methodology to produce timely, precise and internally consistent estimates of biome-wide forest cover loss.
- Results of this analysis illustrate the regional and temporal variability of forest cover loss within the boreal biome and point the way forward for combining such information with available carbon stock data to improve carbon accounting



#### **Next Steps**

- Complete temperate and dry tropical biomes
- Investigate other possibilities
  - Estimating tree cover gain
  - 1990 to 2000 using AVHRR as a stratifier
  - 2005 to 2010 continuation of present approach

