# THE NASA/CCAD MESOAMERICAN BIOLOGICAL CORRIDOR PROJECT

XX

NASA

#### MONITORING THE MESOAMERICAN BIOLOGICAL CORRIDOR: A NASA/CCAD COOPERATIVE RESEARCH PROJECT

Steven A. Sader (Principal Investigator) Department of Forest Management University of Maine (NAG5-8712) Orono, Maine 04469-5755 Sader@umenfa.maine.edu http://www.ume.maine.edu/~MIAL

Thomas Sever (Co-Investigator) NASA-Global Hydrology Climate Center MSFC, Huntsville, Alabama 35805 <u>Tom.sever@msfc.nasa.gov</u> http://ghrc.msfc.nasa.gov

Sassan Saatchi (Co-Investigator) NASA-Jet Propulsion Laboratory Pasadena, California 91109 Saatchi@congo.jpl.nasa.gov http://www-radar.jpl.nasa.gov/centralamericamap

**Principal Research Cooperators** 

Jorge Cabrera – CCAD/NASA Coordinator, Oficina de Asesoria Ambiental de SICA Daniel Hayes – Associate Scientist, University of Maine Daniel Irwin – Research Scientist, GHCC-MSFC-NASA Erica Podest – Research Associate, JPL

# **Corridor Concept**



# **Biological Diversity**

Central America represents

 % of Earth's landmass, but
 contains 7 to 8% of world's
 plant and animal species









#### State of the World's Forests (FAO 1993, 1999)

0.3,

High

1.

Annual Percent Loss of Tropical Forest Cover (1930's, 1990's)

0.7.

1.3,

1.;

Normalized Differential Vegetation Index

1.5,

Low

#### Scientific Objectives -

•What are the changes in land cover/land use in Central America, within and outside of the Mesoamerican Biological Corridor - MBC?

•What is the current status of forest cover in the MBC zone?

#### NASA/CCAD Mesoamerica Biological Corridor Monitoring Project

- Develop regional satellite data sets(JERS, MODIS, Landsat TM).
- Land cover/Land use mapping of Central America
- Analysis of forest cover and change throughout a range of life zones in the region.
- Validate TM land cover and forest change to support MODIS and JERS regional mapping.
- Predict forest cover scaling up from TM to MODIS.
- Develop landscape metrics to measure forest fragmentation for landscape characterization in MBC zones.
- Compare forest patch metrics between TM (30m) and MODIS (250 and 500m).
- Develop research partnerships with Central America scientists.



### MODIS 2000-2001 Composite (250m) Mosaic

Mesoamerican Region

-

# **Training Workshops**







#### Map Validation Workshop Nov. 12-15, 2001 Managua, Nicaragua



TM Intensive study sites

Sampling the Corridor: •Land Cover •Forest Area •Forest Change

**Preliminary Forest Cover Change Estimates For Central America** (1990's), With Reference To The Mesoamerican Biological Corridor

## Forest Cover Change Objectives

- estimate forest clearing rates (1990s) in Central America based on multi-temporal analysis of seven well-distributed Landsat TM scenes;
- 2. compare forest clearing rates inside and outside of protected areas of the proposed MBC; and
- 3. compare the area and percentage of forest cover in the protected areas using the most recent date of Landsat (1996 to 1998).

# **Forest Cover Change**



## **Forest Cover Change** Land Cover and Forest Change Classification



PATH 20 / ROW 48 14 APRIL 1986 RGB 453



PATH 20 / ROW 48 12 APRIL 1997 RGB 453

#### Los Sitios Intensivos: Classificación de Cobertura de la Tierra



#### PROCEDURES:

 Generate Data Layers
 Initiate unsupervised clustering
 Analyze / Inspect Clusters
 Use Spectral Classes and Banco Mundial polygons to select training areas for "confused" classes
 Supervised clasification

P19 R48 RVA 453

## **Forest Cover Change** Forest Cover and Forest Change Rates



## **Forest Cover Change** Forest Cover and Forest Change Rates

Annual forest clearing rates within the protected and proposed MBC zones, by TM site

Landsat	% of MBC	%/Year Forest	
Path/Row			# Years
14 / 54	65.70%	0.17%	11
16 / 50	87.80%	0.15%	10
17 / 49	75.80%	0. 33%	11
18 / 51	31.00%	0.34%	8
19 / 48	89.60%	0. 31%	9
19 / 50	<b>26.30%</b>	0.60%	7
20 / 48	92.90%	0. 32%	11
Total	80.40%	0.26%	10

## **Forest Cover Change** Forest Cover and Forest Change Rates

Annual forest clearing rates for protection zones of the proposed MBC; all TM sites combined, based on a 10 year median

A rea of Forest	% Forest	%/Year
		Forest Clearing
812	93.77%	0.25%
854	57.23%	0.26%
24,123	91.48%	0.15%
12,692	76.17%	0.22%
9,169	<mark>58.87%</mark>	0.57%
57,358	80.42%	0.26%
19,196	30.79%	1.44%
76,554	57.27%	0.58%
	A rea of Forest Remaining (km <sup>2</sup> ) 812 854 24,123 12,692 9,169 57,358 19,196 76,554	A rea of Forest% ForestRemaining (km²)Remaining81293.77%85457.23%24,12391.48%12,69276.17%9,16958.87%57,35880.42%19,19630.79%76,55457.27%

#### Forest Cover /Change Significant Results

\* 80% forest cover inside the protected zones compared to 31% outside based on 31% sample of region. MBC status affords some level of protection.

\* There are some MBC segments and designated zones that have very low proportions of forest cover. This has implications for restoring function of MBC and biodiversity.

\* "Proposed" corridor zone only 59% forest cover (90's) and annual clearing twice as high( 0.57%) as any other MBC zone. This is important consideration for CCAD in maintaining proposed habitat links in MBC

\* These preliminary forest change estimates are lower than FAO estimates (1.2-1.5%) for late 80's to mid 90's.

#### Mapping the Mesoamerican Biological Corridor

Land Cover and Forest Change Map Validation Workshop AGENDA:

 Introduction / Background Land Cover Classification and Change Detection Methods (Landsat TM Intensive Study Sites) TM Map Validation, Part I (Interpretation of Sample Points for Reference Data) Regional Mapping and Monitoring (Introduction to MODIS Data) TM Map Validation, Part II (Assessment of Classification Accuracy)

# **Future Research**

MODIS 500 / 250 m Regional Monitoring Repeat Coverage

Landsat 7 30 / 15 m Scaling up-MODIS Land Cover and Change Detection

<u>Ikonos</u> 4 / 1 m Ground reference Sub-pixel training



#### **Data Analysis**

Land Cover Classification Forest Change Detection Forest Fragmentation/ Landscape Metrics Forest Second-Growth/Biomass IKONOS MODIS/TM Corridor GIS

#### Validation

Land Cover Map Forest Change Forest Second-Growth

#### **Workshop** Validation Procedures

Reports/Manuscripts Progress Report Land Cover Forest Change IKONOS Forest Second-Growth MODIS/TM Forest Fragmentation/Metrics Corridor GIS 2001 LIASOND JFMAMJJASOND

\*

×

Schedule

\*

\*

\*

\*

#### **Recent Manuscripts**

Hayes, D. J. and S. A. Sader. 2001. Change Detection Techniques for Monitoring Forest Clearing and Regrowth in a Tropical Moist Forest. *Photogrammetric Engineering and Remote sensing 67(9): 1067-1075.* 

Hayes, D.J., S.A. Sader, and N.B. Schwartz. Analyzing a forest conversion history database to explore the temporal and spatial characteristics of forest change *Landscape Ecology*. In Press.

Sader, S.A., D.J. Hayes, M. Coan, J.A. Hepinstall, T.L. Sever and C. Soza 2001. Forest change monitoring of a remote biosphere reserve. *International Journal of Remote Sensing* 22(10):1937-1950

Sader S.A., D. J. Hayes, D. Irwin and S. Saatchi 2001. Preliminary forest cover change estimates for Central America (1990's) with reference to the Mesoamerican Biological Corridor. ASPRS 2001 St. Louis, MO

# THE NASA/CCAD MESOAMERICAN BIOLOGICAL CORRIDOR PROJECT

XX

NASA

#### Gaps/Issues:

Monitoring the Mesoamerican Biological Corridor

Optical data acquisitions for regional mosaics (Landsat and MODIS) are hampered by clouds in Panama and eastern Honduras ,especially. We need more seasonal MODIS data to prepare a good temporal mosaic and support the forest/land cover mapping.

We need the SRTM DEM to ortho-rectify the regional mosaics in the mountainous Central American region.

There are institutional barriers in getting our CCAD country cooperator working with us as true research partners. For example, government agency technicians (rather than university researchers) have been appointed as our working partners. There are also equipment and software limitations. Despite the fact that we have an MOU, the cooperators cannot seem to perform some routine analysis tasks or get release time from their employers without significant bureaucratic intervention for each request. We made this point strongly at our meetings (during the June 2001 NASA Delegation visit) in El Salvador. We have CCAD participant cooperation in validation activities scheduled for November, 2001.

#### Landsat TM Draped On SRTM DEM



Northeast Costa Rica -Perspective view looking south toward La Selva Biological Reserve

**Programmatic Summary** 

**Significant Results** 

Monitoring the Mesoamerican

 \* 80% forest cover inside the protected zones compared to 31% outside based on 31% sample of region. MBC status affords some level of protection.

\* There are some MBC segments and designated zones that have very low proportions of forest cover. This has implications for restoring function of MBC and biodiversity.

"Proposed" corridor zone only 59% forest cover (90's) and annual clearing twice as high(0.57%) as any other MBC zone. This is important consideration for CCAD in maintaining proposed habitat links in MBC

These preliminary forest change estimates are lower than FAO estimates (1.2-1.5%) for late 80's to mid 90's.

#### **Programmatic Summary**

Monitoring the Mesoamerican Biological Corridor

Scientific Question: What are the changes in land cover/land use in the Central American region?

**Proportion of Social Science: 0** 

GOFC Themes: map/monitor-50%, change-25%, other (training-25%).

New Findings: Nothing to report this period.

New Potential: Nothing to report this period.

**Programmatic Summary** 

Monitoring the Mesoamerican Biological Corridor

New Products:

• JERS-1 regional mosaic (1996) at 100m rectified to 3 arc-second DEM.

•MODIS regional mosaic (2000-2001) at 250m.

•Landsat TM 4,5,3 mosaic (late1980's-early 1990's) at 250m developed from NASA Scientific Purchase (Earthsat georectification).

•CD-ROM containing 3 regional mosaics and other research products delivered by NASA Delegation to Central America in June 2001.